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ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH LIBRARY

'Star Performance' At City Theatre

Several leading Indian film actors participated in a 'Star Performance' at the Eros theatre on Sunday in aid of the East Bengal Refugees. Photo shows Mr. Morarji Desai speaking in appreciation of the contribution by the Stars. (Please see Page 3)

BIG BLAZE AT V.T. PARCEL STATION

About Rs. 3 Lakhs Loss: Film Trunks Involved

BOMBAY, Sunday.

GOODS worth nearly Rs. three lakhs were damaged when a serious fire broke out this afternoon at Shed No. 14 of the Parcel office of the Victoria Terminus Station.

The fire, which is believed to have originated from heaps of unclaimed parcels and about 50 trunks containing movie films due to high temperature, spread quickly.

At about 4-35 p.m. ten fire engines which rushed immediately were busy quelling the conflagration covering about 4,000 square yards of area in about two hours time.

Salvage operations were going on till late at night. Eighty-three undamaged trunks and 40 partially damaged trunks containing films have been recovered so far.

The Fire Brigade authorities have arranged to station one fire-engine near the spot throughout the night because it is feared that due to the low ignition point of these films, chances of recurrence of the fire have not yet been eliminated.

FLOOD HAVOC IN AUSTRALIA

10,000 Homeless: Farmlands Hit

SYDNEY, June 25 (PTI-Reuter): TEN thousand people are homeless and fifteen deaths have so far been reported in southern New South Wales where hunderds of square miles of rich farmland have been turned into a vast inland sea by torrential rains over the past fortnight.

The main streets of many big provincial cities are flooded including Kempsey which was the victim of the greatest flood disasters in Australian history last August.

Food supplies are running short in many areas and communication have been dislocated. Inter?state train services between Sydney and Brisbane have been disrupted and crops washed away.

A ninety-mile an hour gale has drive the coastal freighter "buge lovy" ashore.

No immediate relief is expected as further heavy rain is forecast.

ALLEGED POLICE EXCESSES

Police Exonerated In Madhya Pradesh Case

NAGPUR, June 25 (UPI): The judicial enquiry conducted by Shri R. K. Kher into the allegations of police excesses in the Kanhan-Pipri incidents in August last year, has disclosed that there was no instance of any act done by any police officer with the intention of outraging the modesty of any woman, nor was there any instance of serious injury caused to any man or woman of Kanhan and Pipri, it is learnt.

Shri R. K. Kher, who was appointed by Government to enquire into the allegations, completed the enquiry on May 31 and is understood to have submitted his report which is now under the consideration of the Madhya Pradesh Government.

It will be recalled that on August 24 and 25 last there were certain incidents at Kanhan and Pipri, in Nagpur District, and which had been the subject of agitation and comment in the Press and which had attracted considerable public attention. On the one hand, it was alleged that some members of the police force were assaulted on August 24 while effecting arrests under the Gambling Act and that the money and the seizure memo etc. were forcibly taken away from them. On the other hand there were allegations of atrocities, including assaults on men and women, by members of the police force.

Mr. Bhatt To Visit Andhra Again

VIJAYAWADA, June 25, (UPI): Mr. Gokulbhai Bhatt, who had been deputed by the all India Congress election sub-committee to settle the elections disputes in Andhra, will be visiting Andhra for the third time on June 27, to fix up polling officers in the districts.

The Congress Panchayat elections in Vijayawada city which were scheduled to be held today were again postponed to July 2, at the request of both the contesting groups and on the advice of Mr. P. C. Chakravarthi, AICC observer.

Rich Men Behind Drug Smuggling

INDIAN OFFICIALS' VIEW

SINGAPORE, June 25, (PTI-Reuter): Two senior Indian officials, co-operating in a drive to stamp out opium smuggling, said here today that rich men, apparently respectable philanthropic persons were financing international drug trafficking.

The officials, Mr. John Goes of Bombay Customs and Superintendent N. P. Paranjpye of Bombay Police, have helped the Singapore Police in arresting three Indians on charges concerned with smuggling 244 pounds of opium into Singapore.

A number of similar arrests have also been made in Bombay. But they said the only people caught at present were underlings.

WORKING OF DELHI AGREEMENT

Measures Suggested To E. Bengal Government

CALCUTTA, June 25, (PTI): The Working Committee of the Bengal Provincial Hindu Mahasabha, meeting here today, suggested certain remedial measures to the East Bengal Government, falling which, it said, the Indo-Pakistan agreement was "bound to be abortive".

The measures included disbandment of the Ansar Force, restoration of firearms to Hindus, recovery of abducted women and their restoration to theor families, prosecution of the officers responsible for the disturbances in East Bengal and clustering of Hindus who feel unsafe in isolated areas in suitable regional groups

The Committee expressed the opinion that "propaganda in favour of the agreement backed by the resources of the State will be futile, unless the minorities are made to realise that they can live in Pakistan with honour and are effectively guaranteed full cultural and economic freedom."

ENTRY OF MARATHI PAPERS INTO GOA

Delegation To Meet Portugese Consul

POONA, June 25 (PTI): Representatives of the Maharashtra Literary Association (Maharashtra Sahitya Palishad) will meet the Portuguese Consul in Bombay and the Indian Consul in Goa shortly to urge an early removal of the ban on the entry into Goa of Marathi newspapers.

A resolution to this effect was adopted today at a meeting of the Governing Body of the Association.

The meeting decided to appoint a committee to propagate for proper recording at the coming cesus of information regarding the language of Maharashtra.

PATNA, June 25 (PTI): The 33-mile stretch of the Bakhtiarpur-Bihar Light Railway today passed into the hands of the Patna District Board—perhaps the only district board in the country to own and operate a railway.

Until yesterday the railway was under private ownership and management. It cost the board Rs. 10,00,623.

ENSURING 'FREE AND FAIR' ELECTIONS

Issues Before Opposition Parties' Meeting

BOMBAY, Sunday.

A COMPREHENSIVE and detailed multi-point scheme for ensuring a "free and fair" election in the first general elections of the Republic of India will be considered and advocated by various political parties representing the opposition view when they meet at the conference convened by Shri Jayaprakash Narain, General Secretary of the Socialist Party, on July 1 and 2 in Bombay.

The scheme mainly emphasises the proper education of the voters in the principles of democracy, enumerating various procedures to ensure it, safeguarding the interests of the poor candidates against the rich, same propaganda facilities to all parties and opinions, and a ceiling on election expenditure.

The scheme further advocates that the election should be carried out on the basis of single-member constituencies, which "would ensure less expenditure and more scientific representation". The view has also been expressed in this respect that if the principle of single-member constituencies is adopted, fewer parties would be able to enter the State legislatures and parliament, thereby ensuring a sound basis for a future democratic State.

The elections in the constituencies all over the country, should be carried out on the same day, by which the expenditure would be saved and the election would be free from any latent effect, is another important suggestion envisaged in the scheme.

'PRACTICAL' PLAN

According to the scheme, which is described in political circles here as "most practical and rational" for ensuring a "free and fair" election, the education programme of the voters should emphasise the secret ballot aspect and the value of the vote for bringing out the independent and considered opinion of the adults in India, which is the "key-stone" of democracy.

For ensuring equal facilities to the rich and poor candidates, the scheme suggests expenditure of the election should be strictly controlled, and one candidate should not be allowed to spend more than Rs. 2,500 and Rs. 10,000 for representing in the State Legislature and the Parliament respectively. The sources of the money spent should also be kept on record with the Chief Election Commissioner.

For further curtailment of expenditure, the scheme suggests that the use

(Continued on Page 5)

RUSSIAN-BACKED N. KOREA DECLARES WAR ON SOUTH

President Ree's Call To MacArthur For Arms Aid

TWO TOWNS FALL: SITUATION DESPERATE: U. N. BODY MEETS

SEOUL, June 25.

RUSSIAN-BACKED North Korea declared war early this morning on South Korea after claiming South Koreans had attacked in three places along the border between the two States.

At the same time, 90 powerful tanks of the aggressor rumbled across the Imjin river to attack the main defence line covering Seoul, capital of South Korea, lying only 35 miles from the battle scene.

TWO MAJOR TOWNS FELL WITHIN A FEW HOURS; THE U. N. COMMISSION IN KOREA ISSUED AN OFFICIAL STATEMENT APPEALING FOR A CEASE-FIRE.

Pesident Syngman Ree of the South Korean Republic frantically telephoned MacArthur for immediate arms aid.

MacArthur himself went into conference with John Foster Dulles, Republican Adviser to the United States State Department along with seven other Generals at the Supreme Allied Cammanders HQ.

Secretary of State Dean Acheson received a note from South Korean Ambasador John Muyn Chang endorsing this appeal.

The first shot was fired at the Thirty-eighth parallel border between the two States, and the "flash points" in the cold war in the Far East. Soon after, northern forces swept over the frontier at dawn and were reported by American Military experts to have captured all the territory west of the Imjin river, the only natural barrier covering Seoul.

Sixteen hours after hostilities broke out, the defenders were reported to be resisting desperately and knocked out ten of the tanks.

All north-bound trains were packed with troops tonight as the South mobilised to meet the invasion across the Thirtyeighth Parallel, frontier dividing the two States.

The United States Ambassador, Mr. John Muccio, announced here late tonight that evacuation of American civilians from South Korea would begin tomorrow.

He urged all to leave.

The United Nations Korea Commission was set up by a regulation of the General Assembly in November 1947. It comprises representatives of Australia, Canada, China, El Salvador, France, India, the Philippines, Syria and the Ukraine.

It was only one June 11 this year that the Commission made its first contact with the North Korean Government.

TRUMAN MUM

KANSAS CITY: President Truman, on holiday at Independence town near here, is being kept fully informed of developments in Korea, but has not made any official comment.

Unconfirmed reports here say guerillas have begun to form up at a place about 100 miles southeast of Seoul.

Latest reports of the fighting said that Chunhon, 48 miles northest of Seoul, martial law was declared and all vehicles requisitioned to evacuate wounded North Koreans were said to be attacking with a full division supported by heavy artillery.

In Tokyo it was indicated that the planned air evacuation of American citizens had been delayed until more planes were available.

TRUMAN CUTS SHORT HOLIDAY

NEW YORK, June 25, (PTI-Reuter): President Truman, after a telephone talk with Secretary of State Dean Acheson, decided suddenly today to cut short his week-end holiday in Missouri and fly to Washington this afternoon.

(Continued on Page 5)

Stir In Hyderabad

SECUNDERABAD: The news of the Korean war, broke open by the All India Radio in the afternoon news-bulletin spread like wild fire in the twin cities of Hyderabad and Secunderabad (adds the UPI). The average educated man was very much perturbed. Hundred of people surrounded radios to listen to the news-bulletins at the restaurants, public gardens and other places wherever there was a wireless set.

For the first time after many years, a supplement issue was brought out flashing the report of Korean war, by a leading Urdu daily "Milap".

SECURITY COUNCIL'S SPECIAL SESSION

LAKE SUCCESS, June 25 (PTI-Reuter).

THE Soviet Union was absent when the Security Council met in special session today to consider the Korean fighting.

The only item before the Council was the United States complaint "of aggression against the Government of (South) Korea" by North Korean forces.

Mr. Benegal N. Rau, of India presided.

The Soviet delegate was absent in continuance of his country's boycott of Security Council meetings as long as China is represented by a Nationalist

The President called the Council's attention to a 1948 General Assembly resolution asking the United Nations Korean Commission to report to the United Nations, developments which might lead to military complications in Korea.

The Commission was also called upon to give interim reports and he asked Mr. Trygve Lie, United Nations Secretary-General, whether he had received any such reports.

Mr. Lie replied that when he had heard reports of the conflict today he had sent telegrams to the United Nations Commission in Korea, and had received a reply from the Commission, which had been circulated to Council members.

DEATH FEARS WOMEN!

GENEVA, June 25 (PTI-Reuter).

WOMEN are still out-living men although the death-rate in all major European countries has fallen during the past 50 years, according to statistics released by the United Nation's World Health Organisation today.

In England and Wales, the rate had fallen from 17 per 1,000 inhabitants in 1900 to 12-3 (13-5 for men and 11-3 for women), the report said.

In Scotland, the present figure was 13-1 (14-1 for men and 12-2 for women), compared with 18-2 at the turn of the century.

The mortality rate has roughly been halved in Italy from 22.8 per thousand in 1900 to 12-1 (12.8 for men and 11.5 for women) France's rate had declined from 20.4 to 12.2 (13.5 for men and 11.5 for women).

Another striking decrease was registered in the Netherlands where the 1900 figure of 17.6 had fallen to 8.3 (8.6 for men and 7.9 for women). Scandinavian countries had registered declines to some of the lowest death rates in Europe with Denmark dropping from 15.8 to 9-1.

Sabari Temple Idol Reinstalled

KOTTAYAM, June 25 (PTI): The man-size idol of Dharma Sastha, after a week of piecing together, was being reinstalled today on top of Sabari Hill in an improvised structure facing the now fire-consumed shrine.

Yesterday and today several hundred pilgrims were on their way to Sabari while in the rest of Travancore a hartal was being observed as 'mark of grief and resentment at the dastardly way the temple and the idol were destroyed" last week.

Many people also observed the day as "Sabari Giri" day offering special congregational prayers.

Executive Of Bullion Body Superseded

GOVERNMENT SETS UP NEW BOARD

BOMBAY, Sunday.

THE present Board of Directors of the Bombay Bullion Association has been superseded by the Government of Bombay by a notification issued today, and a chairman and six other persons have been appointed to exercise and perform all the powers and duties of the Govering Body for a period of six months.

The supersession of the present Board takes effect from Monday, June 26, and has been ordered in exercise of the powers conferred on Government by Section 4 of the Bombay Forward Contracts Control Act 1947.

The notification states that in the opinion of the Government of Bombay an emergency has arisen when, in the interests of the trade, immediate supersession of the governing body of the Association is necessary.

The President of the new body, appointed by the Government for a period of six months, is Shri Chunilal B. Mehta. The six members are: Shri Hirabhai Ashabhai Patel, Shri Mangulal Trikamlal Parikh, Shri Prabhashankar K. Shukla, Shri Ali Mohomed Meklani, Shri F. V. Shah (nominee of the Reserve Bank of India), and Shri Jayantilal Kalyanray Thakore (nominee of the Government of Bombay).

Erosion Threat To Mohenjodaro

LARKANA, June 25, (PTI): Erosion in the Indus is threatening Mohenjodaro, writes P. T. I. correspondent who visited the ruins of the pre-historic city today.

The erosion is in progress from mile 22 o 24 of the Indus. At one place, the erosion is 6.1600 feet and water is 2.2000 feet away from the ward site. But the more dangerous spot is a few hundred feet down stream, where water is 15.6800 feet from the site.

There is a bund to protect the pre-historic ruins, but it could hardly withstand the on rush of the rives water.

Mob Attack On Karachi Hotel

20-MINUTE 'BATTLE'

KARACHI, June 25 (PTI): Steel-helmeted armed police yesterday guarded the Frederick's Cafeteria in the Saddar Area after a frenzied mob of 500 had faught a 20-minute "Battle" with the management for alleged ill-treatment of an old woman vendor selling wares outside, on the pavement.

The mob pelted st ones while the management hurled soda water bottles. Broken glass littered the pavement outside. Fifteen persons were detained by the police. A dozen received minor injuries.

Pravda Attacks U. S. Policy In Japan

CREATION OF WAR BASES CONDEMNED

LONDON, June 25 (PTI-Reuter): Soviet commentator Vassilyev described General Douglas MacArthur, Supreme Allied Commander in Japan, today as "the American gauleiter in Japan", according to a Soviet News Agency report received here.

The commentator, writing in 'Pravda', said the recent meeting in Tokyo between General MacArthur, Mr. John Foster Dulles, Adviser to the American State Department, Mr. Louis Johnson, American Defence Secretary, and General Omar Bradley, Chairman of the American Chief of Staff, was "a conference of warmongers". He alleged that the meeting discussed questions concerning the further servitude of Japan and the transformation of that country into a military base of the United States in the Far East.

The article added that "the Japanese puppet Premier Yoshida and his benchmen, while negotiating with Dulles, eagerly expressed their readiness to "give in lease" military bases to the United States.

"Thus Yoshida's clique once more disclosed their treachery with regard to the national interests of their country and their tendency to entangle the Japanese people in new bloody adventures".

Indian Envoy In Pondicherry

PONDICHERRY, June 25, (UPI): Mr. R. K. Tandon, Indian Consul-General in Pondicherry will shortly undertake a 'study tour' of the four French Indian settlements—Pondicherry, Karaikal, Mahe and Yanam, it is learnt.

Mr. Tandon who took charge of the Indian Consulate in Pondicherry a fortnight ago, has contracted all the parties and people of all shades of opinion. He also met the Governor of French India before the latter left for France. Mr. Tandon also saw the Mother of the Aurobindo Ashram

3 Cases Of Incendiarism Near Pondicherry

PONDICHERRY, June 25 (PTI): cases of incendiarism were reported from villages surrounding the French capital in the early hours of this morning.

Two of the fires occurred near Nellithope, two miles from here. In one of these cases two houses were destroyed resulting in a damage, estimated at about Rs. 3,000. Fire engines were called in to extinguish the firl

The third incident occurred in Pathupalayacherry, about three miles from Pondicherry.

No casualties have, however, been reported.

Cast Iron: New Method

CALCUTTA, June 25 (UPI): Dr. Walter Baukloh, ex-Director, Iron Research Institute, Berlin, and now Professor of Metallurgy, B.E. College, Sibpore, has developed a new method of producing high quality cast Iron.

The process consists in treating ordinary iron in a controlled atmosphere of carbon monoxide and dioxide, which remove the undesirable carbon present in iron. This process takes several hours, whereas the prevalent method of 'malleablising' Iron takes about a week to produce the same effect.

Another novel development is 'decarburisation' with hydrogen. Dr. Baukloh and Sri P.C. Ghosh are working with Indian irons on these processes, at B.E. College.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

PLUS advt.-tax @ one anna Per rupee

MINIMUM RS. 1/8.

To be paid in advance

PERSONAL ADLETS

The Hindusthan '14' is now on display until 30th June at the Metro Cinema. Sales Representative in attendance. Dealers: French Motor Car Co. Ltd., 9|11, Hughes Road, Bombay. Tel. No. 45851|2 8108

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted an educated and well settled groom for a highly cultured post graduate virgin from a highly connected Agrawal family. Apply Box 1927A "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted—a well educated, charming and beautiful bride for a highly educated young Forest Officer, a bachelor from a very well connected Agrawal family. Apply Box 1927 "Bombay Chronicel". 1927.

Wanted to marry a girl between 17 to 24 years. (Punjabi) of good respectable poor family or prefer refugee fair looking and good habits. Apply to Box No. 8021 "Bombay Chronicle".

ACCOMMODATION WANTED

Wanted One or two rooms suitable for a Restaurant in any good locality Boribunder, Fort, Dhobitalao Areas preferred. Apply Box. No. 1919 "Bombay Chronicle".

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Last Chance! Admissions closing for Senior Cambridge Examination Bombay Tutorial College 545, Kalbadevi Road, Dhobitalao. (1924)

Laxmi Institute — Dadar. New Courses for Cost Accountants, Chartered Accountants, Secretarial, Banking, D. Com. etc. Commenced. Admissions proceeding. Seats limited. Join immediately and improve your prospects. 1926

A Lucrative Business Career Awaits You Join Davar's College of Commerce. Law, Economics and Banking for suitable Professional Diploma Courses. Enrolments proceeding for Golden Jubilee Session Just commenced. Training personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus. 51, Esplanade Road, Bombay. 1914

Homoeopathy easily learnt Best postal training to pass the proposed Test. For prospectus apply: The Grace Medical Mission Mavelikara Travancore

BOOKS AND PERIODICALS

"Guide to Health", An 80 page book explaining how to prevent and treat diseases easily, quickly and economically. The book is running in its 16th edition and, as one doctor of repute has said, "It is worth its weight in gold," Send as. 8. in postage stamps. J. & J. Dechane, Hyderabad—Dn. (7944)

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans Arranged on very easy terms. Apply sharp to: Mr. G. S. Moriga, Narsinhji's Pole, Baroda. (1913)

PROPERTY FOR SALE

For Sale: Property at Kurla on Agra Road. 5660 square yards. Five Chawls with vast open land for development. Khote's land. Write for particulars to Box No. 1928 "Bombay Chronicle".

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

For Income-tax Refunds, Trade-mark Registration, Recovery of Decrees, Railways and Insurance claims. Write Taxation Relief and General Agencies (Regd.), Examiner Building, Fort, Bombay. 1922

For recovery of your Claims and Decrees write to The Indo-Foreign Trade Service, Debt-Collectors, 505 Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. Telephone No. 22848. (1917)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Shop at Decora for Italian and American tapestry fabrics, plain and printed everglaze American Chintz. Czech cut and painted glassware etc., etc. 97A Queen's Road Bombay 1. (6778)

PUBLIC NOTICES

GIP RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE GENERAL MANAGER, G I P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of Indian Teak Wood logs. Form obtainable from the Controller of Stores, GIP Railway, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2|- per copy, not refundable. Money Order or Cash only. Closing date 11-7-1950, at 3-00 P.M. (S.T.) 8073

PUBLIC NOTICES

G.I.P. RAILWAY

RESERVATION OF FIRST CLASS BERTHS FROM CERTAIN INTERMEDIATE STATIONS

ARRANGEMENTS are being made with effect from July 11, 1950, for reservation of First Class berths by 35 Down Madras Express and 9 Down Madras Mail trains from the following Stations as shown against each:

TRAIN NO.	STATIONS
35 Down Madras Express	Kalyan, Karjat, Lonavla, Kirkee, Poona, Dhond, Kurduwadi, Sholapur.
9 Down Madras Mail	Kalyan

The number of berths available for this intermediate reservation is limited to 4 berths on 35 Down Madras Express and 2 berths on 9 Down Madras Mail on each day. RESERVATION WILL BE DONE ONLY FOR JOURNEYS EXCEEDING 250 MILES.

A non-refundable charge of Rupee one per ticket (child or adult) will be charged in addition to the fare.

Journey tickets for these reservations will be issued from ten days in advance at the stations. Tickets must be purchased at least seven days in advance. In case reservation is not arranged full fares will be refunded at the station itself.

The scheme will commence with effect from 35 Down Madras Express and 9 Down Madras Mail leaving Bombay Victoria Terminus on July 11, 1950. Tickets can be purchased at the stations mentioned above with effect from July 1, 1950.

Further particulars may be obtained from the stations concerned.

8024

TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of salt to the fish curing yards in the Ratnagiri and Kanara Districts for the year commencing from October 1, 1950 and ending on September 30, 1951 will be received by the Director of Fisheries, Old Custom House Yard, upto 5 p.m. on AUGUST 7TH, 1950.

Contracts for supply of salt will be on the basis of firm prices which will hold good throughout the period of the agreement.

Tender should be submitted on the tenderer's own forms duly superscribed with "Tender for the supply of salt" and due date AUGUST 7TH, 1950.

Tenders will be opened on AUGUST 8TH, 1950, at 3-30 p.m. in the Office of the Director of Fisheries.

Details relating to conditions of supply and other particulars will be available in the office of the Director of Fisheries, Bombay, or may be obtained on application.

8106

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED BEFORE 10-8-1950 for the post of FIBRE DEVELOPMENT OFFICER. PAY:— Rs. 300-1100 PLUS allowances as admissible. Higher starting pay upto Rs. 440|- per mensem admissible in suitable cases. AGE:— Not more than 40 years on 1-10-1950, relaxable in suitable cases. Age limit not applicable to Bombay Government servants in Agriculture Department. QUALIFICATIONS:- (1) Good university degree in Botany and|or Agriculture: (2) Ph. D. or higher degree in Botany; (3) training in methods of research in plant breeding including genetics and (4) general experience of botanical work. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with four annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1|- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay No. 1", who will also supply full details on request. Persons registered with Employment Exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the Exchange Office.

8105

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Soonabai Dinshaji Hakim, Parsi Inhabitant of Bombay hath contracted to sell transfer and assign absolutely to my client the property hereunder described. All persons having any claim or demands in to upon or against the property either by way of mortgage, charge, lien, gift, use, trust, possession inheritance, maintenance, lease, easements or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his office at "SHANTASHRAM", Andheri, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of Gavthan land lying being and situate at Irla, Vile Parle, bearing City Survey No. 24 admeasuring 243 square yards or thereabout and bounded as follows i.e. on or towards the east by the property of Gabriel P. Misquitta on or towards the west by the Ghodbunder Road on or towards the north by Irla lane and on or towards the south by the property of Dhirajmal Himmatmal.

Dated the 26th day of June 1950

VASANTRAO S. PATIL,
Purchaser's Advocate

8102

G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites tenders for reconditioning (1) Lead scrap battery with dust and (2) Brass scrap boring quality No. 1. Forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2|- per copy in each case, not refundable. Money order or cash only. Closing date 12th July 1950 at 3-00 p.m. (S.T.) 8107

MUNIR FAZELBHOY SCHOOL OF REFRIGERATION AND AIR CONDITIONING ENGINEERING

21, Queen's Road, Bombay 4.

THE ABOVE SCHOOL will be inaugurated on 11th July, 1950, to give Theoretical and Practical Training in Refrigeration. Students desiring admission may apply immediately to the Principal for Admission and Prospectus. 8104

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Dr. Charat Singh son of Dr. Kartar Singh, Sikh Inhabitant of Chakala hath contracted to seil transfer and assign absolutely to my clients the property hereunder described. All persons having any claim or demands in to upon or against the property either by way of mortgage, charge lien, gift, use, trust, possession, inheritance, maintenance, lease, easements or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his office at "SHANTASHRAM", Andheri, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land admeasuring 3146 square yards or thereabouts lying being and situate at Chakala Greater Bombay, in the registration Sub-District of Bandra, bearing the following revenue description:—

Survey No.	Hissa No.	Area.
65	2	15¼ gunthas.
71	6	9 gunthas.
71	8	1¾ gunthas

Dated the 26th day of June 1950

VASANTRAO S. PATIL
Purchasers' Advocate.

8103

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of cargoes lying uncleared at the B. P. Trust Storage Yard, Wadala.

In accordance with Section 64A of the Bombay Port Trust Act of 1879 and as from time to time amended Menesse & Co. will under instructions from The Manager B. P. Trust Docks sell by public auction at Wadala Bombay Port Trust Storage Yard (near Wadala Station east side Antop Village) at 2-30 p.m. (S.T) on Thursday the 29th June 1950 the following:—

97 Drums Diesel oil: 103 Drums mineral oil: 45 Drums Transformer oil: Lub and Engine oil: Parafin wax: 171 empty Drums: Cutting and Knitting Machinery: Motor Dynamo: Hardware: Flexible Metallic Tubing: Pecimax Grinder: Elevator: Printing Press Doors.

MENESSE & CO.,

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF THE BUSINESS OF MESSRS BHAGWATI COTTON TRADING CO., WITH GOODWILL AND TENANCY RIGHTS ETC. AS A GOING CONCERN.

M|s. GANDHI & CO. will under instructions from M|s Vakil Dadabhoy & Bharucha, Attorneys for the Plaintiff in the Bombay High Court Suit No. 514 of 1949 (Sampatlal Rampuria V|S, Bhogilal H. Patel and Others defendants) pursuant to the Consent order, dated 6-4-50 made in the above Suit, sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, 1-7-50 at 3 p.m. (S T) at the Office of M|S. Bhagwati Cotton Trading Co., Western India House Building 7|7A, Sir Phirozsha Mehta Rd. 2nd Floor, Block No. 17, Fort, Bombay.

The business of Messrs. Bhagwati Cotton Trading Co., as a going concern at Block No. 17, 2nd Floor, Western India House Building, 7|7A, Sir Phirozsha Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay, together with its Goodwill, Tenancy Rights, etc.

2. Card of the East India Cotton Association Ltd. standing in the name of Messrs. Bhagwati Cotton Trading Company as also the sum of Rs. 20,000 being deposit made by the said firm with the East India Cotton Association Ltd.

3. Card of the Bombay Cotton Merchants and Mukkadams Association standing in the name of Messrs. Bhagwati Cotton Trading Co.

4. The benefit of the contract for telephone connection bearing No. 23169 standing in the name of Messrs. Bhagwati Cotton Trading Co.

5. Furniture, fixtures, safes, stationeries and other paraphernalia of Messrs. Bhagwati Cotton Trading Co.

6. Name and Goodwill of the firm of Messrs. Bhagwati Cotton Trading Co.

7. Tenancy rights of the premises where the partnership business was being carried on viz., Block No. 17, 2nd Floor Western India House Building 7|7A, Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.

Terms: 25% cash deposit.

For further particulars of sale please apply to M|s. Vakil Dadabhoy and Bharucha, Kama Building, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay or to us.

AUCTION SALE OF MILITARY STRUCTURES FOR DEMOLITION AT AKSE CAMP.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

Office of the D.A.D. Lands Hirings and Disposals Service, BOMBAY.

By order of the aforesaid office M|s. Gandhi & Co., will offer for sale by Public Auction on MONDAY, 3-7-50 at 11-30 a.m. at Akse Camp about 4½ miles from Malad Station, near Akse Gadthan, Wadia Convalescent Home and Akse Camp.

Military Structures including Cook House, Barrack, Kitchen, Latrnes, Urinals, Water Tanks, C.I. Pipes etc.

Terms:- 25% cash deposit. For Catalogues apply to:

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SAINTHOOD FOR PEASANT GIRL

Open Air Ceremony At Vatican

VATICAN CITY, June 25, PTI-Reuter).

AN 83-year old Italian peasant woman last night watched Pope Pius XII declared her twelve-year old daughter a saint of the Roman Catholic Church. Three hundred thousand pilgrims saw the Pope in a magnificient open air ceremony before the Basilica of Saint Peter Canonize Maria Goretti, murdered 48 years ago while resisting rape.

The new saint's mother dressed in black with a black veil over her head sat in a window in the Vatican Palace overlooking the vast scene of the ceremony.

She is the first mother ever to attend the canonization of her shild.

Two of Maria's brothers appeared in the splendid Papal procession bearing a twelve-foot high banner with a portrait of their sister as she appeared in a photograph shortly before her death.

Two of her sister watched the ceremony from a balcony of the Vatican Palace.

14 STAB WOUNDS

The Pope rode into the great square of Saint Peters in a crimson throne borne on the shoulders of Papal servants and from the Papal throne in front of Saint Peters read the solemn Latin proclamation: "We decree and define saint, and inscribe in the book of saints, the blessed Maria Goretti."

Forty-eight years ago Signora Goretti walked into the kitchen of her little peasants cottage in the mountain village of Corinaldo near Nettuno Southern Italy to find her small daughter bleeding to death from 14 stab wounds.

The child was imploring pardon for her murderer 20-year old Alessandro Serenelli a neighbour who had tried to rape her.

It was reported Serenelli now working as a gardener in a monastery near Rome after serving thirty year prison sentence was among the great congregation.

It was the first time the ceremony has been held in the open air.

NO OIL FOUND IN PATHARIA

Reports Denied

KARACHI, June 25 (UPI).—Knowledgeable sources here yesterday categorically denied the press report 'that oil has been discovered in Patharia Forests', which fall south of Karimganj and lie partly in the Cachar District of Assam and partly in Sylhet District of East Pakistan. The area has however been declared by experts as a prospective oil bearing region.

The drilling operations, which the Burma Oil Company proposes to undertake for the oil quest in Pathaira will only be possible in the late autumn, according to these sources.

The only time, that oil was struck in Patharia was a quarter of a century ago when B.O.C.'s first test will yielded a small quantity of oil. The well was, however, found in a hopeless condition and abandoned. The B.O.C.'s second test well proved a dry hole in 1927 and 1933. War intervened and drilling operations could not be resumed. The BOC have once again decided to launch the oil quest after a gap of 17 years.

Commenting on the report that the area would yield 10,80,000 barrels yearly, knowledgeable quarters told the United Press that it was not possible to give any estimate of expected oil yield without drilling operations being completed and several oil wells being sunk.

HELP THE COUNTRY FACE CRISIS

Anglo-Indian Leader's Advice

(From Our Correspondent).

JUBBULPORE, June 25.—Mr. Frank Anthony M.P., President All-India Anglo-Indian Association, in the course of his speech delivered yesterday at the G.I.P. Railway Institute, Jubbulpore, on the occasion of the Gidney Day commemoration, referred to the unreasonable fear lurking in the hearts of his community members which made many of them resign their posts and sail for foreign countries about which they knew nothing.

Deprecating such a tendency, Mr. Anthony said that the fear of lack of educational facilities for their children was an unfounded ile. Anglo-Indian education, he declared, had absolute guarantees for ten years. Even after that, he was certain, it would continue to form an important part of the educational structure in India.

Mr. Anthony told those who were thinking of leaving India not to believe in the stories that first class jobs with fat salaries were available overseas.

Continuing, he said that Anglo-Indians had to render valuable services to the motherland at this critical hour in the history of the country. He advised his community members to have faith and courage and try to understand the problems facing the country.

Earlier Mr. Anthony paid glowing tributes to late Sir Henry Gidney for the noble services he rendered to the community by taking a bold stand against the deliberate discrimination practised against Anglo-Indians by the British rulers of those days. Anglo-Indians for the first time, in their history, he said, were achieving highest positions of trust and responsibility. Some discrimination, he said, was bound to be there but there were also unlimited opportunities.

AYURVEDA FACULTY IN TRAVANCORE

University Decision

TRIVANDRUM, June 25 (PTI).—The Travancore University Senate yesterday unanimously decided to institute a faculty of Ayurveda and create professorships of Malayalam and Sanskrit in the University.

The Senate also resolved to institute a faculty of medicine in the college.

The Senate also amended the statutes waiving compulsory practical training for the degree of Bachelor or Science (Engineering). Provision was made in the statutes to enable Sabithy (Visaraca), equivalent to Vidwans of the Madras University to appear for the Bachelor of Arts examination after two years prescribed study in a college.

Two endowments of Rs. 2,500 each were accepted by the Senate. One of these made by members of the Sethu Parvathipuram Dam Club, Munnar, is to be utilised, for award of an annual prize named the Sethu Parvathipuram Dam Club Prize, to the student who secures the highest marks in the Civil Engineering Examination. The other, made by Mr. P. Ramanathan of Saratha-Niketan, Trivandrum, are to be utilised for the institution of a lectureship in the name of the late Mahakavi Ulloor S. Parameswara Iyer.

Bus Collides With Lorry

23 PERSONS HURT

PESHAWAR, June 25 (PTI). Twenty-three persons were injured when a passenger bus going from Bannu to Miranshah (North Waziristan) collided with another lorry from the opposite side on Friday morning. Eighteen persons who received serious injuries were admitted to the hospital. One of them later died in the hospital.

The Assistant Political Agent North Waziristan who was also travelling in the same bus escaped unhurt.

ENGLISH AND SOUTH INDIAN CHURCHES

Archbishop Of Canterbury On Recent Recommendation

LONDON, June 25 (PTI-Reuter):—The Archbishop of Canterbury, the Rt. Rev. Dr. Geoffrey Fisher, yesterday expressed thankfulness that the recommendations concerning the Church of England's relationships with the church of South India at the convocations of Canterbury and York were unanimously adopted in both houses of both convocations.

He was commenting on the new position created by the decisions taken at the convocations in the "Canterbury Diocesan Notes".

"That does not mean that all differences of judgment on this great matter are resolved", he went on to say.

"Nor does it mean any kind of compromise. There was full agreement as to how far we could all travel together—and there, for the moment, we all agree to stop until the way ahead is clearer.

"Five years hence the position is to be reviewed", he said.

Strike Decision Cancelled

MIRAJ, June 25 (UPI): The general body of the Rashtriya Labour Union of the New Engineering College, Sangli, has cancelled its decision to go on strike from June 25 as the Maharashtra Technical Education Society which conducts the new engineering college has accepted arbitration by the Joint Director of Technical Education, Bombay

NEHRU'S VISIT TO BURMA

Profound Impression Created

RANGOON, June 25. (PTI).

PANDIT Nehru's visit to Burma which concluded yesterday had been far too brief but the impress which it has left on the minds of Indians, Burmans, Chinese and a host of other nationalities that inhabit this interesting country are indelible cables T.S.T. Chari P.T.I. correspondent.

Indians in particular flocked to see him from Mandalay, Taunggyi, Moulmein, Bassein and other towns in the interior.

Knowledge of India and her affairs had been more widespread in Burma during the past three years than at any other time in the history of Indo-Burmese relations but Pandit Nehru's visit has saturated Burmese public with more knowledge of India and her problems in three days than during the past three years.

An observer with twenty years experience of Burma told PTI today. "I do not know of any visit which has created such a profound impression on the Burmese nation as Pandit Nehru's visit has done. It is definitely a land mark and it would be no exaggeration to say that by this visit alone very substantial contribution has been made towards closer understanding between the Indians and the Burmese people.

ALL PRAISE

Journals of all shade of opinion have nothing but the highest praise for Pandit Nehru and the remarkable utterance he made on the world problems during his brief stay in the city. His visit in short starts a new era in the Indo-Burmese relations.

About twenty-five Burmese papers have between themselves published nearly half a million words during the past five days on Pandit Nehru's activities which is a record.

Burma, a land of flowers has excelled herself in her offer of floral tributes to the distinguished visitor from India. Flower-sellers had a roaring trade udring the past five days.

Pandit Nehru's visit has, according to his own admission, been a great education to Burma and her people.

GREATEST HOPE

Pandit Nehru's deep insight into Buddhism and his reverence for the teachings of Lord Buddha have stirred Buddhists to their depths. Latvian Buddhist Archbishop Most Reverend Karlis A. M. Tennison and his disciple high priest Frederic W. A. Lustin who are here paid him tribute "as the greatest hope of mankind at this juncture."

If there was one person who could save the world from the new and most terrible conflagration of war it is Nehru they said. "People of Burma" they added "will never forget you, may all Buddhists of world will not let slip from their memory the lofty work that you are doing for India, Asia and the world".

The influential "New Light of Asia" a Burmese daily described Pandit Nehru as a renowned statesman and great friend of Burma "who with Mahatma Gandhi constitute two of the outstanding leaders of India."

'Rangoon Daily' another widely circulated Burmese journal commented: "It is essential for the peoples of South-East Asia to be united so that the last trace of colonialism can be wiped out. Had Bogyoke Aung San been living today Pandit Nehru and Bogyoke would undoubtedly have joined hands to work for this region Though Panditji has no ambitions to be the leader of Asia he is now the most fitting statesman to assume that role."

Rasika Ranjani leading Tamil daily said Pandit Nehru by his visit had laid the foundation for the growth of Indo-Burmese cordiality as sturdily as a banyan tree.

NEHRU'S DONATIONS IN BURMA

RANGOON, June 25, (PTI): On the eve of his departure from Burma the Indian Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru donated a sum of Rs. 15,000: Rs. 10,000 to be placed at the disposal of the Prime Minister of Burma for such charities as he may decide upon, Rs. 2,500 to the Ramakrishna Mission Hospital and Rs. 2,500 to home for waifs and strays. In addition the local merchants and others belonging to all communities made donations to funds of Ramakrishna Mission Hospital sums aggregating Rs. 20,000 in honour of Pandit Nehru's visit to the hospital

Mrs. Indira Gandhi received a sum of Rs. 5,300 for relief work among the refugee women in India while another sum of Rs 2,000 was received by Pandit Nehru and Mrs. Indira Gandhi to be spent at their discretion.

Two of the garlands offered to Pandit Nehru by leading citizens and left behind by him were auctioned by Thakin Nu and fetched Rs. 9,500

THROUGH RUNNING RESUMED

MADRAS, June 25 (PTI).—Through running has now been resumed on the Madras-Villupuram section of the South Indian Railway according to a telegram received early today from the District Traffic Superintendent, S.I.R., Tindivanam.

Early yesterday eight wagons of a goods train capsized at Tindivanam, eighty miles from Madras.

The District Traffic Superintendent's telegram read: "Through running was resumed at 18-10 hours today (24/6). The first train to pass through was No. 15 down special from Panchalam."

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CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Adhik Ashad Shud 11, 2006.
Muslim: Ramjan 9, 1369.
Parsi: Deh 27, 1319.
Sunrise: 7-20 a.m. Sunset: 6-13 p.m.
Hightide: 09-10, 20-26. Lowtide: 02-16, 14-53.

Today's Engagements

YOUNG MEN'S HINDU ASSOCIATION: Quarterly General Meeting, at Mongini Ltd., Fort, at 6-15 p.m.

PROGRESSIVE GROUP: United Nations Charter Anniversary. Meeting at Green's Hotel at 6-30 p.m. Members and guests invited.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: Special Meeting of Standing Committee at 2-15 p.m. Also holding of adjourned June meeting at 3 p.m.

SRI RAMAKRISHNA VIVEKANANDA CENTRE: Sri Rama Sarma will conduct weekly class on "Upadesha Sahasri", at Centre's premises, Dadar, at 7 p.m.

AT YOU: Tomorrow Mr. Naval H. Tata will speak on "Present-day Problems Among the Parsis" at YOU tomorrow (i.e. 26-6-50) Cama Library Hall 6-15 p.m.

YOUTHS' OWN UNION: Mr. Naval H. Tata will speak on "Present-day Problems Among the Parsis" at Cama Library Hall 6-15 p.m.

REGISTER OF CITIZENS

Bombay Plans For Census

BOMBAY, Sunday: A "National Register of Citizens", to provide correct, sound and reliable information for the socio-economic enquiries for the first census under the free Republican India to be held in March 1951, will shortly be introduced in Bombay State.

Disclosing this to the United Press of India yesterday, Mr. J. B. Bowman, Superintendent of Census Operations for Bombay, Saurashtra and Kutch, said that this register, which was a departure this time from the previous enumeration practices, would give information about the number of persons in every household—their sex, religion, whether married, unmarried, widowed or divorced, age, economic status i.e. whether a person is self-supporting or a dependent, principal means of livelihood, secondary means of livelihood, literacy and education.

Upto now, he added, there had been no such information regarding the size and composition of family households.

This register, which would be basicaluly a 'Register of Households', would be prepared for the urban and rural areas in the State.

The Census Superintendent said this will help us to provide annually information about the age group, that becomes eligible to vote under adult franchise, and also in improving the standard of efficiency in census enumerations".

"The preparation of such a 'Register of Households' is an urgent need and this has been recognised by several committees set up by the Government of India", he concluded.

RETRENCHMENT MOVE MOST UNWISE

Government Staff Union's Condemnation

BOMBAY, Sunday.

WHEN Government is faced with financial or economic difficulties, instead of succumbing to the temptation of following a policy of retrenchment, it should concentrate on the development of industry. What Government needs is not less expenditure but wise expenditure, said Mr. N. M. Joshi to a packed house, while presiding at the Third Conference of the Bombay Government Staff Federation, at Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Hall.

Much was spent in the planting of trees and such like questionable projects, he said, and though the failure of these should have impressed upon the Government the futility and the waste of public money involved, they are still being continued in the face of a dwindling budget.

The conference was held to protest against the retrenchment which Government proposes to effect in the various departments and offices of the State. This, the Federation considers, is not only unjust but tantamount to an exploitation of labour, which they say is intended to effect forced saving to cover up the deficit of Rs. 2 crores in the current year's budget, and in pursuance of which Government has decidedd on an arbitrary cut of 6-1/4% in the expenditure on the staff, and in the implementation of which it has been decided to discharge 5 per cent to 10 per cent of the employees in Government service, and without assessing the present volume of work.

HEAVY WORK

While Government feels the necessity for retrenchment, the Federation feels that the saff ought rather to be increased in order to ensure humane and reasonable conditions of work under heavy pressure, due to the fact that many Government schemes which were kept in cold storage during war years have now been taken up, and many new schemes adumbrated under the Post War Reconstruction Programme; and also because of the merger of the State areas with that of Bombay, which has imposed an additional burden on them.

Their further grievance is that though they have been called upon to cope with the increased work involving extra hours, they are not paid any overtime for it, But what struck them as tragically humorous they say was that retrenchment was being pushed through as an efficiency measure.

In the circumstances, they demand that retrenchment shall not take place and those already retrenched shall be reinstated forthwith in their former posts. They also object to the increase in the hours of work, which, they say, should be treated as a matter of industrial dispute. Their resolution on this point states: "The employers are not at liberty to increase the hours of work at their sweet will. It amounts to changing the conditions of service under which an employee has agreed to serve an employer, "and is in contravention of the recommendations made by the Central Pay Commission."

SERIOUS THING

Speaking on this point, Mr. Joshi said "I assure Government that its employees do not want to be paid for nothing." On the matter of retrenchment he said that Government have to realize that unemployment is a very serious thing. If retrenchment was necessary, he said, Government should provide other employment or maintenance, as is done in all civilized countries, and added "Ours is a great country, but I cannot say it is a civilized country. Our Government does not recognize their responsibility for providing work or maintenance. If a Government is civilized and takes upon itself to provide work or maintenance, that Government will not so light-heartedly introduce retrenchment. This is not the time for retrenchment, nor is it the time for celebrations and ceremonies."

Referring to the temporary employees, he said "I do not understand why they should be called temporary." He failed to understand too the discrimination between the temporary staff and the permanent staff in the matter of leave and pension. "Privilege leave" he said "was for the purpose of recouping one's health and applied as much to the temporary employees.

He also condemned the policy of Government in trying to prevent its employees from ventilating their grievances in the public press, which, he said, was depriving them of their rights and was unconstitutional.

NEGOTIATIONS FAIL

Speaking earlier, Mr. Asoka Mehta, the president of the Federation, referred to the negotiations with Government and said that if nothing favourable came out of it, he would not hesitate to refer the matter to arbitration. He deplored the indifferent attitude of the Government in going ahead without consulting the party concerned. "Are we not to be taken into confidence," he asked. "While we have no objection to curtailment of expenditure, the burden of reducing Government expenditure cannot be thrown on one section of the people." Freedom, he said, had brought hardly any change in the Secretariat and other Government offices.

"We are facing serious difficulties" said Mr. Asoka Mehta, "and our employees are called upon to work longer hours. How are we going to meet it? Success of this Federation will depend upon your zeal. I would like Government to realize that this Federation is a strong organisation. If Government refuses to heed the voice of this Federation and closes the doors against negotiations, this Federation will not hesitate to take suitable action."

Mr .S. S. Kavalekar, the Vice-President ridiculed the idea of retrenchment on the grounds of efficiency. "Suppose" he said, if in the name of efficiency we ask the Government to carry on with two Ministers instead of 7, would they agree?" Expenditure, he said could be reduced on other projects and on our embassies too.

Mr. N. S. Giradkar, the General Secretary, referred to the number of restrictive orders applicable to Government servants which for the past three years amounted to more than the total of the previous 100 years. They were deprived of their political rights, he said, and it was significant that while the clerical section was victimised the industrial section was not confronted with retrenchment, or increase of working hours. He attributed this discrimination to the "fact that Government thinks that clerks won't go on strike. "The Government has no guts" he said, and exhorted the members to "Live like men and not like slaves."

A resoultion expressing condolence on the death of Sane Guruji was also passed at the meeting.

Depression Over Chota Nagpur

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, June 25 (PTI): The following is the daily weather summary for Sunday.

The shallow depression has weakened further and lies this morning over Chota Nagpur and the adjoining areas of Bihar. It is likely to break up against the Nepal hills. The Arabian sea branch of the monsoon is very weak. The Bay of Bengal branch has been active in north east India.

Rainfall has been widespread in north east India outside Orissa, and local in west Madhya Pradesh. A few showers have been reported from Orissa, west Uttar Pradesh, Vindhya Pradesh, east Madhya Pradesh and the Madras State.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL MONDAY EVENING: Rainfall will be widespread in north east India outside Orissa and local in east Uttar Pradesh, Vindhya Pradesh and east and north Madhya Pradesh.

Local light showers are likely in Malabar—south Kanara and Travancore-Cochin and a few showers in Orissa, east Hyderabad, Rayalaseema, coastal Andhradesa, Madhya Bharat and the hills of west Uttar Pradesh.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Locally heavy rain may occur in Bihar during the next 36 hours.

The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from June 1, 1950 and departure from normal recorded at 8-30 a.m. on Sunday.

Abu 87 67 0 0.1 minus 2.4 Ahmedabad 102 84 0 0 minus 3.0 Ahmednagar 94 73 0 2.0 minus 2.9 Allahabad 101 81 0 1.2 minus 2.1 Ambala 104 81 0 0.7 minus 0.8 Aurangabad 97 75 0 3.3 plus 1.3 Bangalore 84 69 0 1.0 minus 1.5 Baroda 101 82 0 0 minus 4.1 Belgaum 82 69 0 2.7 minus 3.9 Banares 97 80 0 2.3 minus 1.4 Bhavnagar 105 82 0 0 minus 3.5 Bhopal 101 80 0 1.3 minus 3.7 Bhuj 94 81 0 0 minus 1.1 BOMBAY 90 82 0 11.2 minus 4.3 Calcutta 83 78 5.5 10.3 plus 1.0 Kanpur nil Cochin 83 79 0 25.9 plus 1.5 Cuttack 90 79 T 6.3 minus 1.1 Darjiling 65— — — —Delhi 101 86 0 0.7 minus 1.2

TODAY'S RADIO

Air News From Delhi

MONDAY, JUNE 26.

English—8 a.m., 1-30 p.m., 6, 8; Gujerati—8-45 a.m., 1 p.m., 8-15; Hindustani 8-15 a.m., 1-40 p.m., 6-10; 9-15; Kannada 7-45 a.m., 7-45 p.m.; Malayalam 7-30 a.m., 7-30 p.m.; Marathi 8-30 a.m., 12-50 p.m., 8; Tamil 7-15 a.m., 2 p.m., 7-15; Telugu 7 a.m., 1-15 p.m., 7.

BOMBAY

7-30 a.m. Bhor Baee. 7-40 Aj Ka Karyakram. 7-45 Hindi in Gujarati. 8-15 Firoz Dastur, Bhatiar. 12-45 Tantrakari. 12-50 Prahlad Parekh Krut. 1-40 Music for Dancing. 5 Tara Kalle, Khayal. 5-30 Hashmat Husain, Sitar. 5-45 G. Stage Songs. 6-10 Sangeet Shiksha. 6-30 R. H. Brahmabhatt, Purvi. 6-50 Tara Kalle, Barva. 7-10 Locals. 7-20 Sneharashmi Krut. 7-30 R. H. Brahmabhatt, Bihag. 7-45 Kamgar Sabha. 8-30 Saman Dharma. 8-45 Ik Mah Ka Geet. 9-15 India and the World. 9-45 Hashmat Husain. 10 Noreen Boult, Bharms. 10-15 The Melachrino Strings. 10-35 The Feminine Tcuch.

VARIATIONS: 7-30 Bhor Bhaee. 8 Hashmat Husain, Sitar. 8-45 Sushama Deorukhar, M. songs. 12-45 As in Bombay A. 1 Sushama Deorukhar, Bhavgeet. 1-10 Geetavali. 1-50 Bahnon Ke Liye. 5 As in Bombay. 5-30 Master Dinanath. 5-45 Radhabhai Rao, Kannada Bhajan. 6-20 Gaon Panchayat. 6-50 Grama Panchayat. 8-15 Hindi by Radio. 8-30 Abtarmanavagahan. 8-45 G. S. Yellapurkar. 9 Air Trio. 9-45 Books on My Shelf. 10 Adhunik Ajoba. 10-15 Firoz Dastur.

BARODA

7-30 Swar Vilas. 7-45 Today and tomorrow. 7-50 Vasudeo Shelat. 8-15 Chunilal Keval Bhagat and Party. 8-30 Vasudeo Shela. 5-30 As in Ahmedabad. 6-10 Chunilal Keval Bhagat and Party. 6-20 Bhanuprasad Thakar. 6-30 Gramjano Mate. 7 Nirasha. 7-15 As in Ahmedabad. 7-30 Allaudin Khan Amir Khan. 7-45 Vasudeo Shelat, Vilambit. 8 Chunilal Keval Bhagat and Party. 8-10 Sthanik Samachar and Havaman. 9-30 As in Ahmedabad. 9-45 Baroda Radio Orchestra.

AHMEDABAD

7-30 Prayers. 7-40 Amulya Dhan. 8-15 As in Baroda. 8-30 Todi no Khayal. 5-30 Pooran Chandra Gavaiya, Khayal. 7 Janardan Prabhaskar Krut Geeto. 7-15 Vigna and Samaj. 7-30 Majoor Bhaio Mate. 8 Locals. 8-5 Hamara Desh 8-30 Bandishona Vividha Rang. 8-45 Garbo Rang Chaio. 9-30 Muali Vall 9-45 As in Baroda.

B B C

GENERAL OVERSEAS SERVICE: 7 a.m. Annual Commemoration Service of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem. 7-45 Journey into Melody. 8-45 London Light Concert. Orchestra. 10-10 Jack Salisbury and His Salon Orchestra. 10-30 Variety Bandbox. 11-45 Variety Calls The Tune. 1 John Bull's Band. 1-30 British Concert Hall. 2-30 Pride and Prejudice. 3 Music for Dancing. 3-45 The Debate Continues. 4 Troise and His Banjoliers. 4-45 Listeners' Choice. 5-15 Generally Speaking. 4-45 England v. West Indies. 6 The Music of Sid Phillips and His Band. 6-45 June Wilson. 7 James Stephens. 7-45 Variety Bandbox. 8-45 BBC Midland Light Orchestra. 9-15 Commonwealth Survey. 9-45 Programme Parade. 9-48 Light Music. 10-15 England v. West Indies. 10-30 Science Review.

EASTERN SERVICE

7-30 p.m. Cricket Magazine. 8 Aj Ke Mehman. 8-45 Jam-I-Jam. 8-20 Radio Se Angrezi. 8-30 Mahila Samaj. 8-45 Hame Se Puchiye.

Dr. P. C. Mehta, will give a broadcast talk on "Scientific Research and Society" from All India Radio, Baroda and Ahmedabad at 7-15 p.m. on Monday.

"Election System" is the subject of another talk by Mr. Basulkan Pathan which can be heard on Baroda and Ahmedabad stations (250 and 326 metres respectively) at 7 p.m. on Wednesday.

Over Rs. 17,000 Collected

STARS' GESTURE TO REFUGEE RELIEF

BOMBAY. Sunday.

The charity performance at the Eros, at which Mr. Morarji Desai was the guest of honour, and in which prominent film stars participated, in aid of the East Bengal Relief Society, pulled in a neat sum of Rs. 17,310.

Mr. Morarji Desai, while thanking the sponsors and the stars who made it a success, appealed to the people of Bombay to come forward with generous donations to help the distressed people of East Bengal.

Free Educative Film Show

BOMBAY, Sunday.

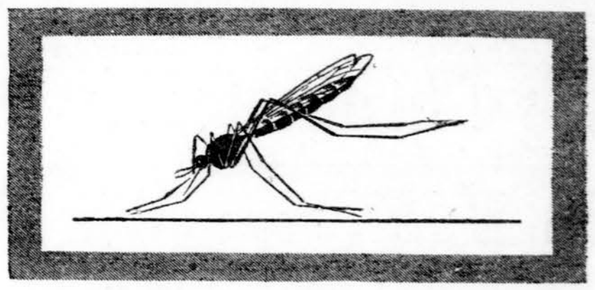
The Bombay Automobile Employees' Union has arranged for a free educative film show to be shown at Peoples' Hall, Congress House, Bombay on Monday, at 7-0 p.m; to its members, family members and friends.

Khalsa College Protest

BOMBAY, Sunday: The staff of the Khalsa College, Matunga, has protested against some of the remarks made at the University Senate meeting held on June 16. The two resolutions passed read:—

"I. Resolved that this meeting of the staff of this College held on June 23, 1950 records its emphatic protest against the highly prejudicial, misleading and uncalled for remarks, particularly declaring the way of marking attendence in this college as 'dishonest', as reported to have been made by Sir Vithal Chandavarkar in the University Senate meeting on June 16, 1950.

"2. Resolved further, that this meeting expresses its strong disapproval of what appears to be a differential treatment meted out to this college."



PORTRAIT OF A KILLER

In 1947 this mosquito and countless more like him killed, through malaria, over ten lakhs of the Indian population. That means that every minute of every day in 1947, two people died of malaria. Many more who escaped death were nevertheless stricken with the fever caused by the disease.

Fortunately there is today a shield against malaria. 'Paludrine' is the name by which the harmless white tablets are already known to so many of the people of India. 'Paludrine' not only banishes an attack of malaria, but taken regularly will prevent malaria.

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DOCK LEADER'S ARREST

Government Press Note

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Some inaccurate reports have been published in connection with the arrest of Shri Shanti Patel, says a Government press note.

The facts are as under:

On June 24, 1950, at about 10-45 a.m., information was received by the Yellow Gate Police that an unidentified person had found his way into the docks where he was interfering with the normal work of the mazdoors. It was also reported that this person was collecting groups of workers around himself and instigating them to slow down their work.

In view of the fact that entry into the docks is restricted to persons having bona fide business there, the Inspector in charge of the Police Station himself proceeded to the place to find out who the person concerned was and what business he had in the docks. The visitor in question happened to be Shri Shanti Patel, Secretary of the Bombay Port Trust Crainsmen and Mechanics Union, who was not known to, and therefore not recognised by, the Inspector. The Inspector accosted him, but found that he would not answer his queries.

On the other hand, Shri Shanti Patel challenged the authority of the Police to question him in that respect and was rude and disorderly. He was given the option of answering the queries at the Police Station, but he would not agree to that course, either.

He was, thereupon, placed under arrest and directed to proceed to the Police Station. Shri Shanti Patel refused, and resisted the endeavours of the Police to take him there. The Police, therefore, had no alternative left but to take him to Police Station by force. In the course of this proceeding also, his attitude was far from being decent.

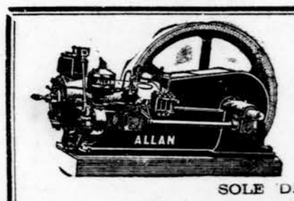
Shri Shanti Patel was offered to be released on bail but he declined to avail himself of the offer. He, however, changed his mind at about 2-30 p.m and let himself out on bail.

As is natural, Shri Patel sustained slight injuries in the course of the scuffles he engaged himself in with the police.

Ex-Servicemen's Rally

BOMBAY, Saturday.

The Committee of the National Society of Ex-Servicemen have decided to organise a mass rally in Bombay of Ex-Servicemen from all over India in connection with rehabilitation and re-employment promised to them during and after their service, but neglected later.



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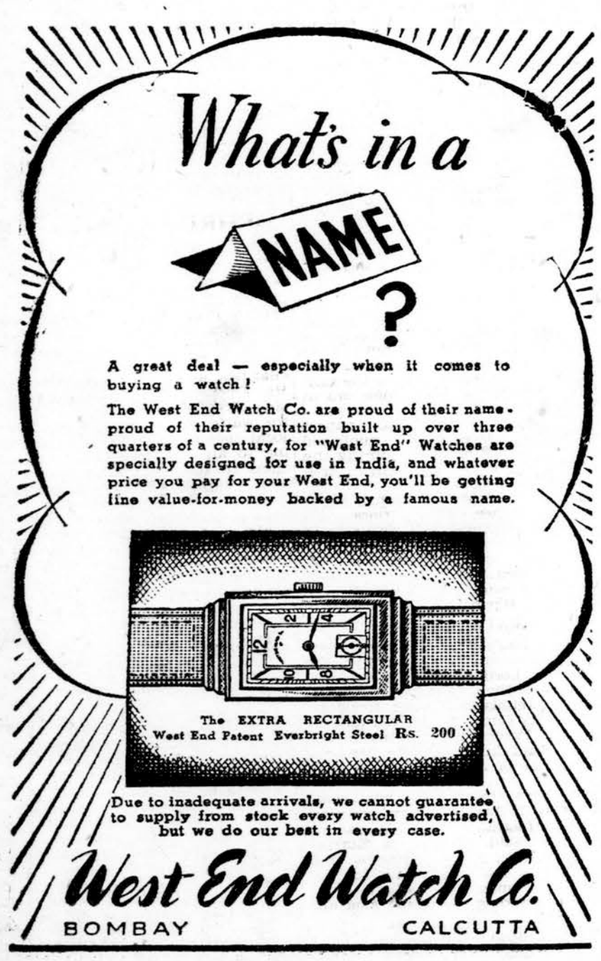
POLICE OPEN FIRE ON ILLICIT DISTILLERS

One Killed, Seven Hurt

AHMEDNAGAR, June 25 (PTI): A police party on the trail of a group of illicit distillers yesterday opened fire against an attack of sticks, spears and axes by the distillers and others in village Bhojade (Kopargaon taluk), according to information reaching here.

One boy was killed and two persons were injured in the firing, and five constables slightly injured in the attack, it was reported.

Seven persons have been arrested by the police in this connection.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The Bombay Chronicle

INDIA AND ASIA

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on his return from visiting the countries of South-East Asia has drawn a distinction between the desire to attend to the problems of the country and the pressure which draws one into other issues of a larger interest. It is, as he put it, a clear perspective that is secured on trips abroad and thing, which seem involved straighten out. Unfortunately there are other matters which are simple whilst the Prime Minister is with us but which get complicated as soon as he goes out of the country, particularly the matters which concern the communal question. Even in the context of Asian problems, India's secular stand needs firm and unwavering assertion. That is a matter which might well be established on sound foundations before the Prime Minister makes his next trip abroad. India has with the coming of independence stepped forward to occupy her rightful place among Asian nations, from whom she had been separated, despite long centuries of cultural relations, in the two hundred years of British rule. As a matter of fact, with some of them the relations that did continue were not of a very creditable nature. Nevertheless, it is significant that India stepped forward almost without effort. It is also remarkable that the Indian emphasis on non-violence, which might have driven a gulf between this nation and others which had won freedom in other ways, has not proved a stumbling-block to greater understandng in Asia. To a large extent, this is due to the ability of other nations to allow for the historical and political environment which determined the course of the freedom movement to a great degree. It is the very consideration which stands in the way of Asian nations regarding Mao's Communists with the same suspicion and mistrust that the West tends to show. The future growth of healthy Asian nationalism depends greatly on successful adjustment of internal problems which are mainly economic and common to all of them, and of the regional needs of Asia. The warm reception accorded to Pandit Jawaharlal in Indonesia, Malaya and Burma is indicative of the close ties which hold all these peoples together. And the advice that the Indian Prime Minister tendered to the Indian communities settled in these areas, to eschew exploitation, accept service and to work with the people around them, is well calculated to promote friendly relations between the peoples of Asia in the new conditions that have arisen. It is not an easy task that awaits performance, and it is not one that can be evaded or passed on to future generations. But with the determination to make the effect and a firm resolve to develop according to the genius of these nations, Asia will be able to make her contribution to the world, a greater contribution than any in the past.

Hindi And English

The speech of Mr. Morarji Desai at the Hindi Conference over the week-end is a patriotic appeal for Hindi with a good deal of effort to whip up Indians to push forward with the Rashtrabhasha. Mr. Morarji is not a man of half-measures and he has convinced himself that for all the woes that afflict us the responsibility lies with our continuing with the English language. Certainly he gave the impression that he attributed the lack of patriotism which he mentioned, to the absence of a national language. True, he said that English was the international language but he was not very concerned with preserving our hold on it. The attitude of several of our politicians towards English and Hindi needs careful attention. Mr. Morarji, for example, appealed to people not to fight Hindi but to accept it. Nobody is resisting Hindi, at least no appreciable section of the population. Some of us who have been brought up, educationally speaking, on English find it difficult to switch over at once as Mr. Morarji desires us to do. The Constitution itself realising these problems has allowed a minimum transition of fifteen years and we do not see why that accommodation should be withheld from the people. If Mr. Morarji only means that we should try to adjust ourselves as soon as possible to using Hindi, one could appreciate his viewpoint. Considering the deterioration in the general grasp of English in the country, one would welcome too an early implementation of the Hindi decision. But what is irritating in Mr. Morarji's attitude is his complete neglect of the defects of the language, its inadequacy for serious thinking in political, legal, scientific and other spheres of modern life, and the utter incompetence of the Hindi teaching in most schools in this province. Mr. Morarji somewhat superfluously observed that regional languages would not be neglected. They cannot be because some language has to be used for teaching and learning all the subjects in one's school course, since English has been pushed into the background, and Hindi has been made into another subject taught five hours a week in schools and is therefore inadequately grasped. It is a common experience to find schoolboys, ask some word or sentence in Hindi, replying that that had been taught them last year and was so forgotten. Let Mr. Morarji Desai make the experiment with a fair sample of children whose mother-tongue is not Hindi and it will make him change his approach. We are aware that a great deal of academic stuff will be thrown at us by those responsible for the educational policy of the State to prove that children learn languages easily. But the real facts stare us in the face. There is a vital difference between the language which a child has opportunities of speaking in his daily life and the language that exists only as an hour's teaching in school. As English recedes—the process has already begun—it will be natural for the regional languages to come into their own, more natural than for Hindi to develop. Therefore, the prime necessity now is to concentrate on the teaching of Hindi, on the enriching of its vocabulary and on its common use. To indulge in propaganda for it is futile. The propagation of Hindi calls for more solid work than exhortations at meetings. It is regrettable that more is not being done in this matter and the address of Mr. Potdar at the same meeting was much more to the point than all that the others said.

The Way Back?

Whilst the other parties—the leftist parties—who were called to Mr. Jaya Prakash's conference for cleaner elections, are deciding one by one that it is better to stay away, the flattering consulations which Mr. S. Sen, the Election Commissioner, is holding with the leaders of the Socialist Party, including the redobutable Mr. Jaya Prakash himself, have completely destroyed the very reason for holding the Conferenc. Mr. Jaya Prakash has expressed himself thrice satisfied with the bonafides of the Commissioner and with his assurances of fairplay. The trouble with getting tangled up with other parties is the difficulty of disentanglining later on. Mr. Jaya Prakash has offered a platform to the Hindu Mahasabha and various others. Such of them as have not yet declared their disinclination to keep away will expect him to go through with the Conference. He can hardly open the proceedings with the announcement that the wind has been taken out of their sails. He cannot, and, even if he could dare not, attempt consideration of other matters because that would expose the differences which split the opposition, even apart from the communalists. If the Conference confines itself to its declared objective, then all it will have to do is pass a resolution of thanks to Mr. Sen and adjourn. Mr. Jaya Prakash has proved oversmart in his strategy. He made a conference between all the discontents possible by pitching the central issue very low, so low that the points raised by him in his first explanation were immediately met and dealt with to his satisfaction. And now the conference is made aimless and without purpose.

This gilbertian situation is the result of over-anxiety to have an opposition and of setting about artificially creating one. The emphasis on the mechanics of Democracy to the neglect of the essentials has reduced Mr. Jaya Prakash to a ridiculous position, and we hope that his ready acceptance of the Election Commissioner's reasoned explanations and elucidations means a last-minute realisation of the ludicrousness of the man who not very long ago claimed to rank after Gandhiji and Pandit Jawaharlal as the leading exponent of anti-communalism, associating with Dr. N. B. Khare and others of the Hindu Mahasabha. For reasons entirely outside his initiative, the Socialist Leader has escaped from an awkward predicament, or rather has been afforded a chance of escape. It would be a happy development if this opportunity finds him in the more statesmanlike mood which at times inspires Mr. Jaya Prakash to heights of leadership If it leads him to reconsider several points of policy which tend dangerously to split the national democratic forces and provide openings for communal reactionism, the episode would have been well worth it.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

CAPE TOWN, June 24: Gangs of terrorists, overzealous young policemen searching for illicit liquor, and Communists were blamed in a report yesterday to Government on the recent race riots in South Africa.

The report said that in the background was a strong feeling of antagonism against Government and control by Europeans in all spheres of life.

—PTI-Reuter.

* *

India's Chief Election Commissioner is cited as saying that all children born in India after January 26, 1950, the day when the Constitution of the country came into force, will not enjoy the rights of Indian citizenship technically, until a new Citizenship Act was passed by Parliament.

Obviously those Indians, who were born before the Constitution and before Independence came into force are more lucky as Indians.

* *

AHMEDABAD: To encourage tree planting on a wide scale in the State, the Government of Bombay have decided to pass "sanads" conferring the right to take fruits of trees planted by private individuals on Government lands.

—News Item.

This is introducing De-nationalisation with a vengeance.

* *

It is announced that in addition to Mr. Ruikar's United Socialist Organisation, and Messrs. Jedhe's and More's Workers and Peasants Party, the Forward Bloc has also decided to stay away from the Conference of Opposition Parties convened by Shri Jaya Prakash Narayan.

Now who remain?

* *

Government supporters, says a Cape Town message, cheered as the Minister of Justice, Mr. Charles Ewart, told the Parliament today (June 24) that the acting Governor-General had approved the Bill to classify all South Africans into three racial groups and to issue registration cards to all adults.

Which reminds us of the saying to the effect that devils dance while angels weep.

But then there will inevitably be a last laugh which will be the longest laugh.

* *

The "New Times" of Moscow has angrily attacked Pandit Nehru. "Nehru", it says, "slanderously accused Communist of using terrorist methods and trying to cause chaotic conditions" in South-East Asian countries.

We have no doubt that South East Asian Communists, who have so zealously been devoting their time, talent and energies to the efficient use of guns and grenades will now take up the cry in the firm and profound conviction that what they have—er—achieved so far is really a slanderous lie and accusation by Nehru.

* *

France's eleventh Government since the liberation has fallen on a confidence vote demanded by M. Bidault's nine-month old mixed Republican-Radical Cabinet, says a PTI-Reuter report from Paris.

Then it is all right. The Bidault Government had reached the exact span of life allotted by Frenchmen to French Cabinets.

* *

The Australian Ambassador to Indonesia, Mr. John Hood, has returned to Jakarta after talks in Australia on the Indonesian claims to sovereignty over Dutch New Guinea.

—Reuter.

Has he brought warmly friendly messages in terms of—er—amiable compliments to Doctor Soekarno?

Our London Letter

IDEA OF THIRD FORCE IS STILL-BORN

LONDON, By Air.

THE CONCEPT of Western Europe as a third Force, as a bloc between America and Russia, is dead. It has been killed by the British Labour Party. This was the most significant highlight of the 15-page coffee colour leaflet, called "European Unity," issued by the Labour Party, which has been the subject of hullabaloo both in this country and Europe and America for the last seven days.

The storm is not over the Labour Party giving up the idea of a geographical Third Force but over its reluctance to participate in any economic or political Union in the present circumstances. The Tories made full use of the document to throw mud at the Labour Party and the Labour Government. The Labour Party was accused of following isolationist policy, of treating non-Socialist Governments of Europe as untouchables. This is downright nonsense. The party has in fact reiterated its firm conviction that "the peoples of Western Europe must work closely together." Far from following isolationist policy, it wants that the degree of co-operation achieved in Europe should be extended to the Atlantic community, and should eventually embrace the Commonwealth and non-Soviet parts of Asia." What it objects to is the creation of A West European Super-Government which, in the existing set-up, would be predominantly non-Socialist, if not anti-Socialist, whose decisions might well imperil the Labour's internal policy and programme. Tories would be the last persons to hand over essential details of national policy to be decided by an external authority, yet have been accusing the Labour Party of adhering to what they call "sectarian principles of Socialism." What is wrong in adhering to principles. But the trouble with the Labour Party is that since it assumed office it has been progressively departing from those principles.

Even the Conservative "Daily Mail" says, that the British Socialists have given the slip to Socialist's Socialism." The statement on Europe, which has caused such a storm in Conservative sections, both in and outside the country, according to the journal, "contains hardly anything of Socialist principles." The 'Daily Mail' adds, "Internationalism is gone and nationalism is buried too, so what is left of socialism, it seems that the Socialist Party has become more party than Socialist."

U.S.S.E.

Not long ago United Socialist States of Europe was the cherished dream of socialists in this country. Only two years ago when the question of European Union came up for discussion before the Labour Party Conference at Scarborough, Mr. Fenner Brockway, who initiated the debate, stressed the anti-capitalist anti-imperialist and anti-war character of the U.S.S.E. conception. A composite resolution was accepted by the conference, but little or nothing was done about it. One heard of European Union but never of its anti-imperialist and anti-war attributes. And now the Labour Party gives a burial to the conception of a neutral geographical third force in Europe....as a means of preventing open war between America and Russia. Western Europe cannot do much to preserve world peace. It cannot, solve, according to Socialist statement, even its economic and political problems in isolation by its own unaided efforts. Much depends on America and Europe must remain tied up to America, and according to British Socialists "outside Britain and Scandinavia there is no Government with a more progressive domestic or foreign programme than the present United States Administration."

SUPER NATIONAL BODY

Critics of the Labour manifesto have significantly kept silent on the issue of sovereignty which will be affected, in large or small measure, by the setting up of a "supernational" body for economic co-operation. That is because, most Britishers, whatever the label of their party, are averse to the Continent having a say in British affairs. Britain is no doubt a part of Europe but has always felt herself apart from the Continent. Traditionally her policy has been that of maintaining the balance of power policy playing Continental powers against one another to prevent any of them becoming too strong. Since the end of the second war various circumstances, including Marshall Aid, Atlantic Pact and Council of Europe have forced her into closer co-operation with Continental nations, but she has always taken care to see that the co-operation does not seriously impair her freedom of action both in Britain and the Commonwealth.

Whatever Government may be in power in Britain there would always be reluctance to yield sovereignty or independence in large measure. It is true were America to join a political and economic Union and accept Supernational authority, which is not very likely, there would be diminution of British reluctance to accept external authority. In any case, the Schuman plan can never assume the form and shape that its originators had in their minds. Enough has already been done to assure that.

ASIA'S ATTITUDE

Asia cannot remain indifferent to the question of European unity, for it might easily have serious effects on the Asian Continent. An European Union can be a blessing from the point of view of the people of Asia, if it is an anti-imperialist Union, that is a Union that is pledged not to use its combined strength to resurrect the now dying cult of imperialism. Europe has no doubt withdrawn imperialism from large areas in Asia, but its imperialism still holds sway over Africa. Even in Asia there are small islands of imperialism. France shows reluctance to quit Indo-China, and Dutch like to linger on as long as possible. Fortunately both Britain and America recognise the dangers of imperialism and colonialism. But this does not mean that there are no Europeans who would like to stage a comeback in Asia. There are still imperialists in Europe who would not only like to hold Africa in bondage but secure positions in Asia. Were the combined strength of United Western Europe ever used to bolster up imperialist elements it would prove greatest menace to world peace. The best thing for the people of Asia is to combine That would not only accelerate the processes of Asian regeneration but at the same time provide bastion against any future aggressor. India and Pakistan, by commencing economic co-operation can give inspir-

(Continued on Page 5)

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Honest Elections

Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, the Socialist leader, has called a conference of all the Opposition Parties to meet in Bombay on the 1st and 2nd July 1950 with a view to taking steps to ensure that the forthcoming general elections will be "free, fair and honest." He deliberately excluded the Congress, because it was the party in power, was subservient to the present Government, and was, in consequence, not interested in honest elections. Nevertheless, after concluding its business, the Conference might contact the Congress, if necessary. He added that the Conference would not consider partisan and party politics, but only honest elections, the "very basis of our political life."

To accuse the Congress, led by persons like President Rajendra Prasad, Pandit Nehru, Sardar Patel and Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, to name only a few, of having adopted "dishonest elections" as its deliberate policy is an unwarranted insinuation unworthy of Mr. J. P. Narayan. Only last week, speaking in Balaghat, he paid an unsolicited and spontaneous tribute to the honesty and integrity of Pandit Nehru and Sardar Patel. And yet they were deliberately uninvited to a Conference on "honesty in elections". It is too much of a strain on the credulity of the public to postuluate that honesty is the hall-mark of the Oppositionists and dishonesty of the Congress. In every political party there will be some members who are alergic to honesty. While every party professes the highest character, it often finds it difficult to live up to it in practice, and in consequence dilutes it. But no party may reasonably claim a monopoly of honesty and attribute dishonesty to another as a policy. Political parties are formed on economic divergences like nationalisation vs. free enterprise, or, political differences like Labour vs. Conservative policies, but not on moral contradictions like honesty and dishonesty. It is the common interest of all public spirited citizens, Congressmen or other to ensure honest elections and honest administration.

The present Congress Government has been accused of corruption. Nobody avowed higher character than the Congress while out of office. If today, in office, it has not been able to live up to its profession, in spite of Nehrus and Patels, there is no reason to assume that the opposition parties of today, which also avow high character, will be able to live up to their profession when they get into office. There is no guarantee that the future Government of Mr. J. P. Narayan will work the miracle which the present Government of Pandit Nehru failed to achieve. If the party led by Mr. Nehru could become corrupt in office, there must be something corrupting in office itself, which Mr. Narayan's party may not be able to resist any more than the Nehru party. The choice, then, is between two corruptions, and not between honesty and dishonesty. The only result of a change is that no party will have sole monopoly of corruption and dishonesty for long!

The better course would be to call a conference of all parties, Congress and other, as well as political scientists, interested in honest elections, and organise a non-party vigilance society as it were, like the Civil Liberties Union. If it is too late for Mr. Narayan to do so, the initiative may well be taken by another, and preferably a non-partisan publicist of the standing of a retired High Court Judge.

—P. KODANDA RAO.

Relief To Shehera Citizens

Shehera a small town in Panchmahal District has been completely destroyed by fire in 1948 disturbances in Panchmahalas. Since then our Government has done very little for the rehabilitation of the people of Shehera. The people of Shehera are living in bad conditions. Recently in the Press Conference at Godhra the District Magistrate Panchmahal has disclosed that the Government is to give Rs. 5,000 loan at 5½ per cent to the each sufferer of Shehera for construction of a house. The financial condition of the people is not so good or sound to pay such a high rate of interest. Government is giving 3 per cent loan to co-operative housing societies then why 5½ per cent for these displaced persons of Shehera? The rate of interest is so high that nobody will be forthcoming to take the loan. So I request the authority to reduce the rate of interest from 5½ per cent to 3 per cent and no interest should be charged for a year or two.

Secondly he has told that the 'Town Planning Scheme' for Shehera is given up. This is also not a wise step. I request the Government to reconsider this decision again and reintroduce the Town Planning Scheme in Shehera.

—NARENDRAKUMAR M. PATHAK, Shehera.

Essential Drugs

The system of Permit in the matter of obtaining certain drugs has not only been disastrous but highly conducive to Black-marketing. For instance Streptomycin cannot be had without a permit, but locally it is available for money over and above the usual price. Under pressing necessity when the life of a patient hangs in the balance in a District place like this, far removed from the assessorial office, it is practically impossible to get the Permit in time, which has to go through some formalities involving precious time which the patient can ill afford. Will the authorities move in the matter to do away with the Permit system and make the drug available at a reasonable price everywhere or allow all Registered Practitioners to order the drugs from the distributors direct?

As the Government is intending to manufacture Penicillin at enormous cost, it is advisable that they will not produce 3 hourly injections which will be of little benefit to the country but loss to the Government. Instead production of 24 to 96 hourly injection will prove to be a great boon.

—(Dr.) SAMUEL BHASKAR ..Tandur.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Maldistribution

With the monsoon playing hide and seek, the water problem, the perpetual headache of the people of Bombay, seems to be getting worse. There has been a plethora of complaints about inadequate supply, feeble pressure, unreasonable hours of supply. Tenants' associations have been agitating for a survey of buildings which are notorious for bad water supply and for bringing pressure on landlords to amend matters but no constructive or organised attempt seems to have been made to set matters right by the municipal authorities. The perennial excuse of overcrowding of Bombay and a promise of Vaitarna plan materialising on paper are being held out like a carrot before the gullible public. Even the present unreasonable hours of water supply are not strictly adhered to. Either the water supply is half an hour late in coming or dries up half an hour before the appointed time. As a result there are frayed tempers and undignified scramble for water at the common taps in many buildings which often end in bad blood and petty quarrels. The people are sick and tired of the vagaries of water supply, which can be attributed to carelessness on the part of officials and maldistribution of the water available. A little more pressure and stretching the time of supply by an hour more would go a long way to cool rising tempers against the municipal authorities.

Bad Taste

Journalists are no respector of persons and many great men come under their lash with and without cause. But few pressmen would approve of the way in which a correspondent heckled M. Trygve Lie, United Nations' Secretary General, at a press conference on Friday at Lake Success. The correspondent had asked M. Lie whether he was a Communist or had been one in the past to which M. Lie replied that the Prime Minister of Norway or his predecessor would give him the answer. When the correspondent persisted in having an answer, M. Lie angrily retorted, "My God, there should be some respect for my integrity". The incident reveals how the people of the United States are obsessed with the threat of Red danger. Anyone with progressive ideas is branded as un-American and hauled up before the Senate Committee to answer wild allegations This does not reflect credit on the level-headedness or fairplay for which the Americans are supposed to be known for. Just because M. Trygve Lie has dared to attempt to see both sides of the problem and take up a line contrary to the present American policy a whispering campaign against him has been started that his leanings are towards Soviet Russia and suggesting that he is no more fit to hold the important office of the UN Secretary-General. A section of the American opinion became suspicious because he went to Moscow to meet Stalin. By this he seems to have committed an unpardonable sin in their eyes. It is high time that the Americans realised that UN represented the whole world and was not an adjunct of their own Government, whom they could patronise and influence.

Ensuring Fair Elections

The suggestion of Mr. Purshotam Trikamdas, the Socialist leader, that private vehicles should not be allowed for bringing voters to booths on election day, is an eminently sensible suggestion. If citizens are not sufficiently public-spirited to find their way to the polling booths, we do not think that the cause of democracy will be served by candidates arranging to take them there. It should be possible to increase the bus facilities provided by the normal transport authorities and the State Transport authorities can augment the vehicles available. The really sensible arrangement is to have booths easily accessible to the voters. The use of private vehicles by candidates and candidates' agents leads, as Mr. Trikamdas says, to unfairness to some political parties and to independent candidates. What is even worse, it has been in the past the fruitful cause of malpractices and all manner of abuse.

Pity The Teacher

The Deputy Education Director of Uttar Pradesh cannot be congratulated on his "orders" asking teachers to learn darning and mending clothes. The orders involve teachers in 5,464 primary and junior high schools in the Lucknow-Faizabad area and they are meant to provide mending arrangements for some 4,37,000 students. Nor is this all. the Deputy Director's orders ask teachers to carry needles and thread which "were not to be kept as mere exhibits to be shown to visiting inspectors but were to be used as instruments to mend the clothes of the boys." The orders seem so blatantly offensive that one hesitates to accept the report as correct. If it is, the sooner the Deputy Director is transferred to some more cogenial occupation. like the head of a tailoring institute, the better for the U.P. It seems to be the fashion with some officials and not a few ministers to harass the teaching profession as much as they possibly can. This U. P. education officer has developed it into a fine art. As a rule, we are not in favour of strikes and other demonstrations by the teaching fraternity but if it is ever justified it certainly is in the case of the stitching orders.

RACIALISM IN SOUTH AFRICA

By P. Kodanda Rao

The South African Parliament has passed the Group Areas Bi sponsored by the Government of Dr. Malan. The fact that it was passed by a majority of one is no comfort, because fundamentally both the leading European political parties in South Africa are at one in their attitude towards the non-Europeans.

It is no comfort either that it would be difficult, if not impossible, to give effect to racial segregation hundred per cent. It is not intended. The discretionary powers embodied in the measure will be availed off freely by the whites so as to cause themselves the minimum inconvenience. The worst sufferers would be the non-Whites, particularly the Africans and the Indians. Perhaps the Indians will suffer more than the Africans. In the case of the former, the white Government has to stomach them somehow or other, for they cannot be sent elsewhere, even if it were desired. But in the case of Indians the South African Whites see in repatriation or assisted emigration to India an alternative or an additional and a more satisfactory solution. If the Africans have to face segregation, Indians have to face expatriation in addition to segregation. The white Government of South Africa would show less consideration to the Indians than to the Africnas, because it was India that put South Africa in the dock in the United Nations in 1946 and humiliated her at the bar of world public opinion. It must be added however that South Africa successfully defied the United Nations' verdict and in the subsequent meetings of the United Nations in 1947 and 1948 succeeded in watering down the original censure to a suggestion for a non-commital Round Table Conference South Africa has since enacted the Group Areas Bill, which goes much further than anything she had done before and made the prospects of a Round Table Conference between India and Pakistan on the one hand, and South Africa on the other, on the limited question of the status of Indians in that country more difficult, if not impossible. Indeed, there was never any doubt that South Africa consented to a Round Table Conference solely for the purpose of securing the co-operation of India and Pakistan to the transfer of South African Indian population to India.

WHITES VS. NON-WHITES

Time has arrived for a re-orientation of India's historic policy. India would do well to stress less and less the limited and special issue of Whites Vs. Indians in South Africa and stress more and more the broader and general problem of Whites Vs. non-Whites in that country as the most dangerous focal point in race relations in the world. More than ninety per cent of the people in South Africa of Indian descent were born in that country and are South African nationals, though denied full citizenship. India's right to champion their cause has been increasingly questioned by the South African Government. India's sanctions have stiffened, rather than softened, South Africa. Indeed, South Africa wants India's co-operation only to the extent of agreeing to receive Indian assisted emigrants from South Africa and not to champion their rights to full citizenship in that country.

MORAL STAND WEAKENED

Furthermore, moral stand of India and Pakistan against South Africa has to some extent been weakened by the recent happenings in India and Pakistan as a consequence of partition and the refugees. The very concept of Pakistan is an illustration of segregation or 'apartheid,' though, of course, not on all fours with Dr. Malan's 'apartheid.' Muslims must have separate areas where they will live the Muslim way of life in an Islamic State. India has not adopted a similar policy; it chose to remain a secular State, with no segregation by race or religion. But there are high-level politicians in India who even now advocate that the Hindus in East Pakistan should come out of it, as they have done from West Pakistan, as the

(Continued on Page 5)

Thought For The Day

Every nation of the world is labouring under the terrible illusion that its enemies exist across some geographical boundry. We do not slay our enemies when we slay them; we simply multiply them. Hate, fear, illwill, greed, ignorence, pride, racial and nationalistic bigotry these are the real enemies of my country, and your country and every country.

—Dr. HAROLD PHILLIPS.

Towards Fair Elections

(Continued from Page 1)

of transport and allied arrangements for voters which amounted to nearly 60 per cent of the expenditure of an election, should be totally prohibited by the Election Commissioner, and each and every candidate should be allowed to send at least one copy of his election manifesto to every voter in his constituency free of postal charges.

The scheme has also emphasised that Government officials should not be allowed to participate in any way whatsoever in the election campaigns.

POLLING BOOTHS

The scheme which includes a detailed programme and procedure for the election to the best interest of the voters, suggests alphabetical arrangements for electoral rolls, provision for one polling booth for 1,000 voters at convenient places, one mile apart in urban areas and about 2 miles apart in rural areas. The polling time should be spread as widely as possible, viz., 7 a.m. to 9 a.m. in urban constituencies, and 7 a.m. to 7 p.m. in rural constituencies. The system of dropping white ballot papers in coloured boxes specified for each candidate should be adopted, and the Election Commissioner instead of the candidates, should issue tickets to voters.

Further argument, which the scheme puts forward for the adoption of single-member constituencies, is that a candidate would be more conscious of his responsibility towards his constituency and would be more intimate with the people living in that constituency than in the case of a plural constituency, where the responsibility would be collective.

Besides the Socialist Party, the Hindu Mahasabha and the All India Scheduled Castes Federation will participate in the conference and prominent individuals representing various shades of the opposition view, like Pandit Hridaynath Kunzru, Prof. K. T. Shah Mr. P. R. Das and others will attend.

The two-day conference will be a closed-door affair, but public meetings will be arranged after each day's deliberations to acquaint the public about the decisions reached at the conference.

I.N. Ships To Visit Madras

MADRAS, June 25 (PTI): The Indian Navy Squadron consisting of the flagship I. N. S. "Delhi", the destroyers, I.N.S. "Ranjit", "Rajput" and "Rana", the frigates I. N .S. "Jumna", "Kistnna", "Cauvery", "Sutlej" and "Tir" and the Store Carrier I.N.S. "Avenger" is visiting Madras in July and August.

The Royal Indian Navy cruiser, H.M.S. "Ceylon", and the Frigate, H.M.S. "Loch Quich", are also expected to visit Madras on June 29 and July 22 respectively for a stay of one week.

Serious Car Accident In Karaikal

KARIKAL, June 25 (UPI): A serious car accident occurred here last night as a result of which Mr. A. M. Mohammed Yousif, Member of the French India Representative Assembly received injuries on his head.

It is stated that the car in which he was driving, dashed against a tree and then against an electric post and turned turtle. Mr. Yousiff was admitted in a local hospital where is progressing.

Gaullists Support Schuman Plan

PARIS, June 25 (PTI-Reuter): The Gaullist movement at its third National Congress today adopted foreign policy resolutions supporting the Schuman Plan, opposing French recognition of Communist China or its admission to the United Nations and calling on the Atlantic powers to concentrate their major defence effort in Europe.

Stop Press

FRANTIC SEARCH FOR FRENCH PREMIER

PARIS, June 25 (PTI-Reuter): Following the fall of the French Government yesterday, President Auriol reopened preliminary consultations with Parliamentary leaders today.

He hoped to nominate a new Premier-designate tomorrow, an Elysee Palace official said.

M. Rene Pleven, near Radical Minister of defence and former Finance Minister under General de Gaulle, was mentioned as the President's possible first choice.

U.S. DEMAND IN SECURITY COUNCIL

LAKE SUCCESS, June 25 (PTI-Reuter): The United States demanded today at an emergency meeting of the United Nations Security Council—boycotted by Russia—that North Korea withdraw its invading forces from South Korea.

A resolution tabled by Mr. Ernest Gross, the United States Representative, also asked that the United Nations Commission in Korea observe the withdrawal to the Thirty-Eighth Parallel—frontier between the two Koreas—and keep the Security Council informed.

Guerillas Serve As Second Line Of Attack

(Continued from Page 1)

Col. W. J. Mahoney, Acting Chief of Staff of the American Military Advisory Group in South Korea, said the Northerners had also sent in about 3,000 guerillas to harass the rear of the main Southern defence lines.

A South Korean spokesman here estimated casualties in the first few hours of fighting at 4,000 on each side, but no official figures were available.

ONGJIN FALLS

The Thirty-Eighth Parallel, arbitrarily fixed as the frontier when the Japanese surrendered in 1945, had been the scene of months of frontier incidents and tension.

The biggest town to fall today was Ongjin, 92 miles north-west of Seoul, on the tiny Ongjin Peninsula. Kaeson, rail centre 40 miles north of Seoul, was also said to have been lost.

The latest reports in Tokyo said the Southerners had fallen back to their prepared lines on the Imjin River. Changdan, just north of the river, was reported under heavy bombardment.

There was no further news in Tokyo of a second North Korean column which was driving towards Seoul from the north-east.

Colonel Mahoney said a tank company and a battalion of Northern armoured infantry had for a time occupied the town of Pochon, on the main road 25 miles north of the Southern capital.

President Syngman Rhee of South Korea telephoned to General Douglas MacArthur, Supreme Commander in Japan, early today appealing for aid. A South Korean spokesman said that his Government regarded the situation as desperate. They indeed rifles and ammunition and aircraft.

General MacArthur immediately called a two-hour conference of his senior officers with Mr. John Foster Dulles, Republican Adviser to the State Department, who has just visited Korea.

Silver painted Yak (Soviet type) fighters without markings roared over Seoul this morning, one of them attacking a grounded American C-54 aircraft without injuring its 11 journalist passengers, American airforce headquarters in Tokyo reported.

The United Nations Commission in Korea tonight issued an official statement appealing for a cease-fire.

About two thousand Americans are believed to be in South Korea at present.

The American Ambassador to Korea, Mr. John Muccio, spoke of the "unprovoked attack against South Korea" in a statement this morning saying: "Korean officials and security forces are handling the situation calmly and ably There is no reason for alarm".

The South Korean Foreign Minister, declared that the South army was "vigorously opposing the invaders" to "keep the country free of Communist despotism. The world knows who is the aggressor".

Pyongyan's Radio, in the Northern capital, blamed the outbreak of fighting on the South, claiming that North Korean troops had repelled three attacks by southerners.

The radio added that unless the "puppets" immediately suspended operations" the people's Republic will be obliged to resort to decisive countermeasures.

Kang Hianguk, General Secretary of the Presidium, of the Supreme Peoples Assembly of (Northern) Korea said "the Syngman Rhee gang will be unable to smother the voice of the people of Korea and their demand for peace and unity", according to a Peking dispatch released here today by the official Chinese Communist news agency.

Kang said: "The proposals which were published on June 19 were transmitted scores of times by radio to thea supprious National Assembly of South Korea and the whole Korean people is awaiting the reply.

"However three days have passed without any reply from this sham body and it is doubtful whether they submitted the proposals to discussion. Acting under orders the entire press and radio of South Korea was silent on the subject.

CHINES' REDS SILENT

Chinese Communist sources in Hong Kong would not discuss the outbreak until the official Chinese Communist news agency report was available.

"If such a war has started it will be serious for far Eastern peace", they said. "The consequences are unthinkable".

Chinese Nationalist leaders on Formosa Island said they were "shocked" by the reports.

In Sydney Australian External Affairs Minister Mr. Percy Spender commented: "the invasion was not unexpected.

"It is merely part of the pattern of penetration by imperialistic communism. I have no doubt the next step will be Formosa."

The American Advisory Group in South Korea estimated the strength of the Northern forces at about 100,000 to 95,000 for the South.

But South Korean estimates last month put the Northern army at 180,000 strong with two divisions recently back from service with communist forces in North China. They were reported to have 75 Stormovik and 120 Yak fighters, 155 33-ton and 18 10-ton tanks and 30 armoured cars.

Chunchon, some 65 miles noth-east of Seoul, stand on a railway line leading towards the East Coast. Kaesong city nearly on the border, 40 miles north west of Seoul, stand just east of a junction where one line branches westwards to Onpin and another runs north to Pyongyang. North Korean capital and centre of the northern railway network.

GOOD PROGRESS OF PROCUREMENT WORK IN HAPUR

Market Quiet And Prices Unchanged

(From Our Own Correspondent)

HAPUR, June 24.

Food markets remained quiet and prices have remained stationary. Procurement work has made considerable progress and the total quantity of grains already purchased exceeds most optimistic expectations. It is revealed that nearly 325,000 tons of grains of which 95 per cent is wheat has already been procured. Meerut region alone has contributed a little over 150000 tons.

Arrivals in the important markets are pretty heavey now and it is expected that enough would be collected to keep rationing commiaments going on in the state without further aid from the Centre. Coarse grains arrivals have been very disappointed all over the State.

Hapur arrivals of wheat average 1500 mds daily. Already over 52000 mds. of wheat has been collected as against 60,000 mds. of all grains purchased in the full season last year.

A reduction in wheat prices was made in the first fortnight of June but it had no adverse effect on grain arrivals. Another reduction is due to be made on July 1. Present wheat prices in the State ranges between 13-12 to 15-8. No reduction has been made in coarse grains prices.

Pulses market remained steady and there has been an advance in peas and arhar prices. In expectation of shortage of pulses in Madras and in the South local stockists are laping their hands of market arrivals even at higher prices. Arrivals are good and stocks are getting accumulated. The latest quotations are: peas 15 to 18, arhar 13-12 urd 15-8 moong 16-8 and jasoor 12-8 to 15.

GUR

The market remained extremely steady and there has been a good advance in prices—now quoted at 33-4 per maund—during the week under review. The rise in prices in common to all the markets—in deficit areas as also in surplus areas. Arrivals have been negligible while exports have been heavy due to higher deficit areas offers and easy transport. Hapur arrivals averaged 250 to 400 mds. daily and local stock is put at 5000 to 6000 mds. Village stocks have been very nearly wipped off.

OILS AND SEEDS

The market remained steady on higher Calcutta advices, but there has been no big jump in prices. Sarson arrivals were very poor averaging not more than 100 mds. daily. Millers showed some buying interest on expectation of early clearance of oil holinds but so long as exports to Pakistan are not resumed any possibility of good advance in prices is generally discounted. Local quotations are: Sarson 33 taraseed 25 to 28 groundnut 19-8 to 23 mustardoil 85 Iinseedoil 65 til and groundnut 70 oilcake 11-12.

GUWAR

Futures remained very steady while the ready section also recorded a price advance in sympathy with higher Punjab advice. There is tcute shortage of gram and other coarse grains which can be used as cattlefeed hence the increased demand for guwar. Since delivery in respect of guwar futures in Hapur is to be affected in the Punjab mandies Hapur bears were obliged to cover their sales with the resultant price advance. Fagan is presently quoted at 10-3-3 as against 9-14-5 quoted last weekend and 10-4-6 touched yesterday.

BULLION

The market remained erratic but there has on the balance been an appreciable fall in prices. Calcutta and Bombay bullion markets have been in troubled waters. There has been a regular tussle between the bulls and bears with adternative attacks. Smugglers from Pakistan are reported to be very active. Receipts are generally heavy while the offtake is extremely limited. Silver is presently quoted at 173-4 and gold at 112-4. Lowest during the week touched 172-11 and 112 respectively while the highest sold was 178-4 and 113-14.

Commonwealth Trade Union Leaders Meet

GENEVA, June 25 (PTI-Reuter): Trade union leaders from the British Commonwealth countries began a two-day meeting here yesterday.

A spokesman for the meeting said the gathering was "entirely informal with no set agenda" and was "really a round table discussion on the development and the difficulties of the trade union movement in the various parts of the Commonwealth"

The meeting is being attended by trade union representatives of Britain, Canada, Australia, South Africa, New Zealand, India, Pakistan and Ceylon.

"We will probably discuss closer relationships between us and means for keeping each other informed of what is going on" the spokesman said. "No decision taken at the meeting will be binding on any of the parties".

Idea Of Third Force Is Still-Born

(Continued from Page 4)

ing lead to the rest of Euro-Asia. They have everything to gain and nothing to lose by following common economic policy.

WITHOUT THE ENGLISH

Of late certain articles have appeared in the British Press which give the impression to the reader that India is feeling bad without the English. The Parsis and Goans, says Dr. Ranjee Shahani, in the course of an article, in the "Liverpool Post", regret most the departure of the English from the Indian scene. They say that Progress has fled, and obscurantism and chicanery now reign supreme. Dr. Shahani, who was recently in India, appears to have been thoroughly disgusted with what he saw. During the British Raj the policeman used to be smart. Now he dresses anyhow and flourishes his baton in a manner that would scandalise French 'gendarme.' He also heard a rumour that foreign games like cricket, hockey, billiards, etc., might soon be abolished. Dr. Shahani might have missed gaiety in India, but even he ought to have known that cricket or hockey would never be abolished. By giving currency to the rumour, he might have devalued his country. But what is the motive in publishing such things in British press? By damning one's countrymen one only damns oneself. It is true that shape of things in India might not have yet fulfilled expectations. We are quite conscious that we are yet far from the Gandhian ideals. But Dr. Shahani does not seem to have any grievance on that score. His grievance is that porters and messengers who during British raj were resplendent in uniform and gold—braided cap are today "unkempt and miserable." He also does not like young men going about in bush shirts which display their hairy chests. Dr. Shahani has definitely done little justice to himself by publishing such tripe.

CHILDHOOD DAYS

Whatever its sins of omission and commission, B.B.C. is always trying to introduce new things in its programmes. The newest feature is the series "Childhood Days" by eminent persons. The first talk on the series given by Lady Megan Lloyd George, member of Parliament, was extremely interesting." We had politics for breakfast, for lunch, for tea" and said, "It was our stable diet, and it was of a very robust kind. Strange new words came into our vocabulary. Budget, land tax and Limehouse. Gradually we became conscious of something else—of a certain hostility, particularly when we went to school." The familiar question "What is your father?" was not asked of us It was not necessary. We were marked children. We soon found we had not made a popular choice for a father. The infamy of Insurance Act, of the Budget had come before us. It had been discussed in endless homes, and here was Public Enemy No. I and these were his children. This was not a happy expedience, but we survived it. Personalities in public life arouse animosities, but I do not believe that in these days the children are made to suffer for the political views of their fathers."

WHAT CYPRUS WANTS

We have had recently a delegation from Cyprus, a little island in the Mediterranean, over which Union Jack still flies. The Cypriots did not ask for Dominion Status or independence. They asked to be united with Greece. They originally belonged to Turkey. But only one-fifth of the population today are Turkish. The majority of the people are Greeks who have raised the slogan of "Enosis" which means union with Greece. The union with Greece movement is supported not only by the clergy, who exercise great influence over the people, but also by Communists.

If the campaign continues there might be trouble in the island. Many Cypriots whom I have met in London, feel that the time is not yet come for union with Greece. They like the present position to continue. Cyprus has got its own problems. But these are not likely to be solved by union with Greece.

Shankerrao Deo Leaves For Malda District

CALCUTTA, June 25 (PTI): Mr. Shankerrao Deo, General Secretary of the All India Congress Committee, accompanied by Dr. P. C. Ghosh, Member, Congress Working Committee left today on a two-day tour of Malda district.

They will meet prominent citizens there and address public meetings to help the implementation of the Indo-Pakistan Agreement. They are expected to return to Calcutta on June 28.

People IN THE NEWS

MR. S. SEN

MADRAS, June 25 (PTI): Mr. S. Sen, Chief Election Commissioner, Government of India, arrived here by air this morning from Bombay. Mr. Sen told pressmen that he would "see what has been done and how things are being done in respect of the preparation of electoral rolls".

Mr. Sen will stay in the city till June 28 when he will leave for Trivandrum.

MR. V. V. GIRI

MADRAS, June 25 (PTI): Mr. V. V. Giri, Indian High Commissioner in Ceylon whose term of office expires in July will continue in office till October next, it is learned here.

MANIPURIS FORM PART OF INDIA

Daulatram's Address

IMPHAL, June 25 (UPI): The Governor of Assam Shri Jairamdas Daulatram asked the Manipuris not to consider themselves isolated from the rest of India, but to think themselves as a part and parcel of India.

The Governor, who was replying to an address of welcome presented to him at the local polo ground yesterday, emphasised the need for discipline amongst the members of a nation, and exhorted the people to work unitedly in a disciplined manner for the larger interests of the country. He said that the progress of a nation should be measured in terms of the progress of the masses and not of a particular section He referred to Gandhiji's teachings about the unity of the nation and asked the people to sink their differences of race, caste or creed and follow the path laid down by him.

LIBERAL LICENSING OF STREPTOMYCIN

NEW DELHI, June 25, (UPI): In view of information reaching the Government of India to the effect that streptomycin is becoming in short supply, it has been decided to liberalise the import licensing for this drug in respect of the January-June 1950 period says a press note.

Steps are being taken to issue the necessary extra licences forthwith.

SANGLI MERCHANT FINED

SANGLI, June 24, (PTI): Mr. Virkumar Gulabchand, President of the Sangli Merchants' Association, was sentenced to three months simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 1,000 carrying on speculative transactions in spices by Mr. M. L. Shaikh, Resident Magistrate of Sangli, today.

He was later released on bail to enable him to file an appeal.

The point at issue in the case is whether the speculative transactions come under the Spices Prohibition Act of 1944 under which M. Gulabchand was sentenced.

Bihar Railwaymen's Strike Ends

BAKHTIARPUR, June 25 (UPI) The Bihar Light Railwaymen's Union called off the 9-day old strike unconditionally yesterday at the request of the Chief Labour Commissioner, Government of India.

The workers returned to work immediately after and made vigorous attempts to resume train services for the convenience of the Rajgir Mela passengers

RACIALISM IN SOUTH AFRICA

(Continued from Page 4)

cannot live with self respect and on equal footing with Muslims in the Islamic state. If people, divided by race or religion, would not live together in peace and amity, it was best to segregate them by a transfer of populations Further, the 'apartheid' following the partition of India and the creation of Pakistan has been carried out in so brutal and inhuman a way that the wrongs of 'apartheid' and assisted emigration in South Africa, and even the race riots in Durban and Transvaal, pale into comparative insignificance. The moral stand of India and Pakistan has thus been weakened by recent refugee movements, which they were not able to prevent South Africa can be trusted to exploit this weakness to the full and discredit the championship of India and Pakistan of the rights of South African nationals of Indian racial origin.

ON THE UN FORUM

It seems best, therefore, that India and Pakistan should line up with all nations and organisations in the world who are opposed to racialism as such and carry on the fight in the forum of the United Nations and elsewhere. India and Pakistan should widen the scope of their action so as to include all the coloured nationals in South Africa, including the Africans, and make common cause with them, and not confine their attentions only to Indians in South Africa. They must increasingly treat the race problem in South Africa as part of the world race problem and as its most acute dangerous focal point. Race discriminations occur elsewhere, as the United States of America and some of the British Colonies. But in these countries race discrimination and the suppression of the non-White races is not a avowed article of faith as in South Africa. The avowed policies are non-racial, though there is often a hiatus between profession and practice. In these countries the Governments are apologetic about the race discriminations which prevail and which they either tolerate or are unable to eliminate. But their policy is to minimise its incdence and recur.
mise its incidence and rigour.

But in South Africa racialism has been enthroned and erected as a first principle. Far from being ashamed or apologetic, the Constitution of the Tranvaal proclaims to this day that there shall be no equality between black and white in church and state! And nowhere is racialism professed and promoted more than in South Africa. Therefore all the liberal and enlightened opinion in all parts of the world should be mobilised and concentrated on South Africa to condemn and denounce her racialism and persuade her to change her ways. In so far as race relations improve in South Africa, Indians therein will also benefit by it.

DEVELOPMENT OF UNIONISM

Commonwealth Plan To Exchange News

GENEVA, June 25 (PTI-Reuter): Representatives of trade Union organisations throughout the Commonwealth have decided to exchange all news on the development of unionism, it was announced here today.

After a two-day meeting under the chairmanship of Mr. Arthur Deakin, it was announced: "The meeting decided on means by which developments, as they arise in the countries concerned can be notified to all participating centres.

In this connection, the British Trades Union Congress is to receive regular reports for collation and dissemnation by regular intervals to cooperating national centres".

Further Commonwealth trade union meetings were contemplated, it was added. Countries taking part were: India, Paknistan, Britain, Canada, Australia, Ceylon, South Africa and New Zealand.

R

SUGAR RATION

THE CONCESSION of drawing the sugar ration for two weeks at a time will not be available during the 26th Rationing Week commencing from SUNDAY, June 25, 1950.

R

CONTROLLER OF RATIONING SHIFTING OF OFFICE

THE OFFICES of the Controller of Rationing as also the office of the Public Relations Officer (Rationing) have been shifted to 2nd Floor, Bank of India Building, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, (Flora Fountain). The offices will be open at the new premises as usual from Monday, June 26, 1950.

A clean bill of health for Vanaspati!

A WHOLESOME PRODUCT

Scientists' Report to Government

That Vanaspati contains nothing in the slightest degree injurious to health is confirmed by the eminent scientists appointed by Government to report on the nutritive value of Vanaspati. Extracts from the findings of these scientists were read by the Hon'ble Shri Jairamdas Daulatram, Minister for Food and Agriculture, before Parliament on 8th December 1949 in the following terms:

"In comparative feeding experiments carried out, at four different centres, on rats for three generations with Raw Groundnut Oil, Refined Groundnut Oil and Vanaspati of melting points 37° C. and 41° C., the results indicate that there is no deleterious effect produced by Vanaspati as compared with the Raw or Refined Oil."

"Human feeding trials carried out at four different centres also indicate that Vanaspati of melting point 37° C. has no harmful effect as compared with Raw Groundnut Oil."

A safe, reliable fat

This means that Vanaspati is as wholesome as pure unadulterated oil. But being a hardened fat it is more suitable for cooking than oil. It keeps fresh longer and is easier to carry. It looks pleasant and is nice to handle. Being a pure fat, it is ideal as part of our daily diet. It is manufactured under strict Government specifications from oilseeds grown in our country. Millions of homes use it. Our Army, Navy and Air Force use it. Hospitals and other institutions use it.

Vanaspati is needed

Issued by the Vanaspati Manufacturers' Association of India

VMA. 7-86

PARAB'S TWO GRAND GOALS HELP CULTURE LEAGUE WIN

Football Developement Fund Benefits

COURAGEOUS GOALKEEPING BY THINGALAYA

BOMBAY, Sunday.

THE exhibition game between the India Culture League and a selected Bombay XI proved to be a feast of soccer, and the former deservedly emerged victorious by two goals to nil at the Co-operage before a record crowd.

It was the fastest game of the season and definitely of a high standard. A large crowd packed the stands and every bit of available space, in expectation of a good fight, and their expectations were more than fulfilled.

Both sides served up good soccer but ICL. were the cleverer side. That wily inside right Parab was the hero of the match and scored two grand goals besides initiating several good moves.

For fifteen minutes exchanges were even with ICL, slightly on top. Then in the seventeenth minute, an ICL. half-back initiated a good move by passing the ball to Peter on the left wing. The latter tipped the ball over an onrushing defender's head and Parab receiving the ball outside the box sent in a scorching shot which Thingalaya tried his best to save but failed. There was no further scoring in this half.

Bombay pressel hard with the resumption of the game and were unfortunate not to equalise when Braganza's shot in the tenth minute went just over the cross-bar. A little they missed another golden opportunity, when a shot by Kuppuswamy hit the cross-bar and rebounded to Aziz who tapped it in feebly for Bhoja to collect it safely.

Then towards the closing stages of the game, ICL. placed the issue beyond doubt by scoring a second goal through Parab. This is what happened. Parab was just outside the box when he received the ball from Thomas; without wasting anymore time, he sent in a first-timer which beat Thingalaya completely.

The teams were:

INDIA CULTURE LEAGUE: Bhoja, Mukherjee, Woodcock; Narayan, Paul, Pereira, Salvi, Parab, Laloo, Thomas, Peter.

BOMBAY XI: Thingalaya; Almeida, Fapen (sr); Parmeshyaren, Williamson, Hussain; Janki, Kuppuswamy, Aziz, A. Braganza, Verghese.

Referee: Natarajan.

BAREFOOTERS HERE ARE THE BOOTS!

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The Football Development Fund of the W.I.F.A. will be richer by about Rs. 2,500 as a result of the I.C.L and Bombay XI exhibition game played this evening at the Co-operage, it is reliably understood.

Much of this amount will go a long way to provide boots to the teams participating in the Hinrich's Shield Tournament... If barefgooted players had something to complain about, lack or inability to obtain equipment, this most certainly is an answer to their prayers.

The W.I.F.A. have not only set a precedent about play but is also extending its fullest support.

COLLEGIANS LOSE TO INDIAN GYM.

Indian Football League At Parel

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Indian Gymkhana experienced little difficulty in accounting for St. Xavier's College 'A' by six goals to one in the First Division of the Indian Football League this evening at the College Ground, Parel.

Sunder Raj, T. R. Ramakrishna and Raghwan were responsible for the tally each one contributing two goals each.

Then, Khandoba Vijaya got the better of Tata 'A' in the same tournament winning by four goals to one. Ramachander, Ganesh, Naidu and Jadhav scored for the winners, while V. Dias registered the losers only goal.

In the Second Division game played earlier in the evening Blue Wizards 'A' gained a solitary goal win over St. Xavier's College 'B' B. Almeida scored the all important goal.

KARNATAK FOOTBALL LEAGUE

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The Kanara Young Footballers the holders had little difficulty in accounting for Young India Footballers a formidable side by 3 goals to 2 in the Karnatak Football League when 2 games were decided at Oval.

Later in the evening the final match of the Mogaveera School inter class ended in a draw both sides scoring once.

Earlier at the Brabourne Stadium Jai Bharat F. C. defeated Jai Hind F. C. by a solitary goal.

The following are the results:

Jai Bharat F. C. 1 goal (N. T. Suvarna) Jai Hind F. C. 0.

National S. C. 1 goal (Parameshwar) Vande Mataram 0.

Kanara Y. F. 3 goals (Daniel, Lewis, and C C. Karkera) Young India 2 goals (Shamsuddin and Manikkam.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

5-45 p.m. Indian Navy vs. GIP Rly. (First Division Harwood League)

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel

4-40 p.m. Khatau vs. St. Xavier's 'A' (Second Division Harwood League)

5-40 p.m. Burmah Shell vs. Dockyard 'A' (Callan Cup)

GIP Rly. Ground, Parel

4-35 p.m. Lalit vs. St. Francis Goans 'B' (HVM Cup)

5-35 p.m. Thos Cook vs. G. B. Police 'B' (Musry Cup)

Rae Johnstone's 1000th Winner

PARIS, June 24 (PTI-Reuter): Ral Johnstone, the Australian jockey, rode his 1,000th winner in France today when L'Aiglon third won the Prix De La Prote De Passy at Longchamp.

MUSRY CUP FOOTBALL

BOMBAY, Saturday.

New China Mills beat Lightning Sports Club by two goals to nil in the Musry Cup Tournament played this evening at the G.I.P. Railway ground Parel, Shetty and Mascarenhes were the goal scorers.

Dandi United and Crompton Pakistan were cancerned in a goales draw in the same tournament.

BOMBAY ENGINEERS HELD TO A DRAW

Poona Aga Khan Hockey Tourney

POONA, June 25 (PTI): The senior string of Bombay Engineers drew with the Poona United XI today in the quarter-final of the Poona Aga Khan Hockey Tournament and, despite extra time, both teams had to content themselves with sharing two goals each.

BANGALORE RACING SEASON CONCLUDES

Trainer Paddy Rylands And Jockey Chavan Steal Honours

BANGALORE, June 25 (PTI)

The Bangalore Racing season concluded today. There was a big crowd witnessed the final meet this afternoon. The weather was fine and the going fast.

The Western India champion jockey, S. Chavan, scored a double and became the champion jockey of the season with nine wins to his credit. The Calcutta champion jockey, Mulley, was second with eight wins. He had a blank day today.

Paddy Rylands was the most successful trainer. He sent out twelve winners from his stable during the season. The painstaking trainer Balfour tied for second place with Ali Askar. The latter won the plum of the season, the Mysore Gold Cup, for his pricey patron, the Raja of Ramnad, with Orcades.

Well-backed horses were to the fore today when a card of nine events was gone through. Jockeys Chavan and Shankar scored doubles and trainer Rylands and Balfour sent out a brace each.

The aged Arab Jowdat-Al-Iraq, while annexing the Ismalia Plate for class one Arab with 9 stones 9 pounds in the saddle, completed the hat-trick. His previous success was in the Stewards Cup, the most important even for Arabs. Jockey Pandy Khade was associated with all his wins.

Following are todays race results:

THE JAYA PLATE Div. 1 (Dist. 6 furls).

GISELLE (Mr. and Mrs. D. Alterton) 9-3, Shankar 1

GIPSY LORE (Mr. G.P. Durrant) 8-10 McGaffin 2

AMORETTE (Mr. Hassamal Dalmal 9-0 F.K. Black 3

RED CROSS BOY (Mr. Hoosein G. Kharaz) 8-5, McQuade 4

Not run: Bold boy.

Won by: 3|4 length, 2-1|2 lengths and 3 lengths.

Time: 1 min. 20-1|5 secs.

Tote paid: Rs. 19-8 for win, Rs. 13-8 17-8 for places.

THE JAYA PLATE Div II (Dist. 6 furls).

SUNBURST (Maharajadhiraja of Burdwan and Mr. E.O. Ilne 8-12, McGaffin 1

INCITATUS (Mr. N.J. Hamilton) 9-2, Tyrrell 2

DELHI DURBAR (Mr. C.A. Murad) 8-7, F.K. Black 3

PAST THE POST (Mr. P.D. Aswani) 9-4, S. Chavan 4

Not run: Queenie.

Won by: Short Head, 1|2 length.

Time 1 min. 21 secs.

Tote paid: Rs. 69-8 for win, Rs. 18, 15 and 26-8 for places.

THE ISMAILIA PLATE Dis. 1 mile.

JOWDAT-AL-IRAQ (Mr. H. Tamavi) 9-9, Khade 1

GOLSHAN (Mr. S. Kothawalla) 7-13, Puthusingh 2

AMAL AL SHABAB (Mrs. S. Hill) 8-10, Shankar 3

SANJADH SAAD (Rajah of Bobbli) 9-5, Agnew 4

Not run: Naim Al Shabab.

Won by: 1 length, 1|2 length and neck.

Time: 1 min. 55 sec.

Tote paid: Rs. 31 for win. Rs. 15-8, 22 and 20-8 for places.

THE EVEREST PLATE Div. II (Dis. 7 furls).

VILLAGE GREEN (Maharaja of Parlakimedi) 9-4, F.K. Black 1

ALCOVITA (Mr. A.M.K. Karuppan Chettiar) 8-12. Raut 2

QUAKES OATS (Mr. C.T. Chidambaram) 7-13, Peacock 3

RESHONE (Mrs. M. T. Thadani) 8-6, S. Chavan 4

Not run: Aapke Sevame.

Won by: Neck, 1|2 length and neck.

Time: 1 min. 45-4|5 secs.

Tote paid: Rs. 18 for win, Rs. 13, 28-8 and 51-8 for places.

THE OOTACAMUND PLATE (Dis. 7 furls).

GAY BOY (Sir Sultan M. Chinoy and Lady S. Chinoy) 9-1, Tyrrell 1

PILLAR OF HONOUR (Mr. M.Y. Kannan) 8-2, P. Khade 2

BOLD NOTE (Brig. R.C.R. Hill) 8-12, Shankar 3

MY CHANCE (Mr. G.A. Jasdanwalla) 9-4, Amir Ahmed 4

Not run: Forward Bloc.

Won by: 1|2 length, short head, 4 lengths.

Time: 1 min. 3|4 secs.

Tote paid: Rs. 69-8, for win, Rs. 19, 16-8 and 13 for places.

THE CUBBON PARK PLATE (Dis. 1 mile 2 furls).

SUMMER LIGHTNING (Mrs. P. Rylands, Messrs, N.R. Rootan and R.B. Maagonwalla) 8-10, S. Chavan 1

EARLY ACT (Maj. Gen. Mahabir S.S. J.B. Rana) 8-6, McQuade 2

NIGHT OPS (Mr. N. Siva Raj) 9-4, Amir Ahmed 3

MISS AMOYA ,Mr. M.M.G. Appa Rao) 8-9, F.K. Black 4

Not run: Royal Flower

Won by: Neck, 1|2 length, 4 lengths

Time: 2 min. 12 secs.

Tote Paid: Rs. 18-8 for win, Rs| 13-8, 33 and 32 for places.

THE SHERIDAN PLATE Div. II (Dis. 1 mile).

TIME BOMB (Rao Sahib D. K. Parker) 8-5, S. Chavan 1

BLUE MIST (Mr. D. E. Avari) 8-11, McGaffin 2

LEGEND LIGHT (Messrs. R. P. Poddar and D.D. Moolji) 9-4, McQuade 3

PESSU PASHA (Mr. P.D. Aswani) 7-9, Chavan 4

Not run: Ganga Singh, Paramount Power and Very Little.

Won by: 1-1|2 lengths, 1 length and 5 lengths.

Time: 1 min. 43-4|5 secs.

Tote paid: Rs. 86-8 for win, Rs. 25, 20-8 and 17 for places.

THE SHERIDAN PLATE Div I (Dis. 1 mle)

WINDSOR KNIGHT (Messrs. Babakhan and M. A. Rahman) 8-5, Ahmed Khan 1

HELVETIA (Mr. N.J. Hamilton) 8-1, Tyrell 2

MA BELLE Mr. K.M. Adhya) 9-2, Peacock 3

PRIDE D'ANTIBES (Mr. T. G. Essaji) 9-4, MacGaffin 4

Won by: short head, short head, short head.

Time: 1 min. 44 secs.

Tote paid: Rs. 124-8 for win, Rs. 61-8, 31-8 and 43 for places.

THE EVEREST PLATE Div. I (Dic 7 furls).

FOWZIA (Dr Jalal Bazergain) 7-12, Shankar 1

JOUETTE (Messrs. Hugo Wachsmann and D. N. Shroff) 9-4, McGaffin 2

EGYPTIAN BELLE (Mr. Rosenthal) 8-8, Mulley 3

FAIR GOLD (Mr. H. Tamavi) 8-11, McQuade 4

Not run: Loyal Prince and Star of Iran.

Won by: Neck, 2 lengths, 2-1|2 lengths.

Time: 1 min. 32-4|5 secs.

Tote paid: Rs. 54 for win, Rs. 14-8, 15-8 and 13 for places.

The daily treble paid on 13 tickets was Rs. 1,287 each.

110 Metres Hurdles Record Bettered

MARYLAND, June 24 (PTI-Reuter): Dick Attlesey of Los Angles bettered the world record for the 110 metres hurles by running the distance in 13.6 seconds at the National Amateur Athletic Union senior track and field championships at the University of Maryland today.

The official world record is 13.7 seconds. Attlesey has already a claim for world record of 13.5 seconds for the 120 yards Hurdles.

SWASTIK CYCLING CLUB

Programme For Next 6 Months Drawn Up

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The Swastik Cycling Club has drawn up an elaborate programme of events for the next six months which eaters for all classes of cyclists. We give below the programme as it stands.

PROGRAMME FOR 1950-51 SEASON

Date	Event	Women
27-8-50	1 Mile Mass Start	Women
	5 Mile Mass Start	Novices
	10 Miles Time Trial 72" Gear	Open
10-9-50	1 Mile Mass Start	Boys Under 16
	20 Miles Point-to-Point 72" Gear	Open
24-9-50	1 Mile Time Trial	Women
	10 Miles Time Trial	Novices
8-10-50	30 Miles Madison	Open
20-1050	1 Mile Mass Start	Girls Under 16
	5 Miles Team Pursuit Heats	Open
22-10-50	10 Miles Mass Start	Novices
	5 Miles Team Pursuit Final	Open
12-11-50	50 Miles Time Trial	Open
26-11-50 9-12-50	25 Miles Time Trial	Novices
10-12-50	Third Annual Cycling Meet.	

For further particulars please contact the Jt. Hon. Secretary, Swastik Cycling Club, The Reward, Tardeo Road, Bombay 7.

KIRKEEANS BEATEN IN FINAL

Campbell Cup Hockey

POONA, June 25 (PTI): Sterling display by Arjun Singh enabled the Army Medical Corps to annex the Campbell Trophy for the Maharashtra Hockey Championships by virtue of their four-to-two victory over the Kirkeeans in the third replay today.

The match was played at a fast pace and the teams were evenly matched A huge holiday-crowd was thrilled in the first five minutes of play when Arjun Singh, making use of a capital pass, banged the board to open his side's account.

Undaunted by this reverse, the Kirkeeans stormed the Medical goal area and scored the equaliser halfway and consolidated their position only to see the Medicos equalise before the breather.

There was no further scoring till the final whistle, and extra time was played. Combining like a well-oiled machine, the Medical centre-forwards scored twice during the period to put the issue beyond doubt. Both goals were scored by Arjun Singh.

Mrs. N. M. Kamte, wife of Mr. N. M. Kamte, Inspector-General of Police, presented the trophy to the winners.

GOAN SPORTS TRIUMPH

Francis Goan's Drop 2 Points In Tame Match

BOMBAY, Sunday.

St. Francis Goans, who earlier in the week robbed India Culture League of a valuable point were this evening forced to part with both points to Goan Sports when they lost by two goals to nil in the First Division of the Harwood Football League.

There was nothing much to enthuse over in the game and from my impression it seems that St. Francis Goans were playing as though the season was over for them, while the Goans seemed to have just reached top form which is rather poor for Bombay's first class soccer.

The Goan's fully deserved to win for they had a greater share of the exchanges and they made use of some very good long passing moves to outdo a heavier side. Mendis, the Goan right outer was the most dangerous and outstanding player on the field and some of his powerful long shots should have gained a goal for him.

The two goals scored by the winners came after the 20th minute of the first half. C. Vaz put the ball, past Christopher after W. D'Souza in the St. Francis defence had failed to intercept. Five minutes later Rebello consolidated his sides account.

The second half was more in favour of the Goan's and only the splendid goalkeeping of Christopher prevented any more goals being scored.

The teams were:—

GOAN SPORTS: Lucas D'Silva; P. Vaidya, Joaquim D'Souza; G. D'Costa, T. Gama, J. Coutinho, E. Mendes, F. D'Souza, E. Rebello, M. Fernandes, C. Vaz.

ST. FRANCIS GOANS: Christopher; D. Britto, W. D'Souza; P. D'Souza, F. Rebeiro, S. D'Costa; B. D'Souza, C. Mendis, E. Rodriques, J. Fernandes, L. Silveira.

REFEREE: A. J. Francis.

REGULAR MASSEUR NEEDED

LONDON, June 25 (PTI-Reuter): Injuries to players selected for the current test between England and the West Indies at Lords has raised the question of whether the MCC should send a masseur with the England team to Australia during the winter.

Masseurs are usually appointed in each centre the tourists visit, but it is felt that players' injuries would greatly benefit from the attention of a regular masseur preferably one who knew them and their individual weakness.

The Australians took a masseur with them to South Africa last year and found him invaluable when they ran up against an unusual crop of injuries which necessitated an extra player, Keith Miller, being flown out.

The year before, the MCC party in the West Indies met with a similar run of bad luck and Len Hutton was called upon at short notice to supplement the side.

Skilled attention and knowledge of the history of an injury can do much to effect a complete cure and prevent recurrences. This could be achieved if a regular masseur was appointed to a touring team. The added expense would be counter-balanced since an outbreak of injuries may be checked and the chances of having to send for extra man would be considerably lessened.

Some counties in England have already realised the value of a skilled masseur. Yorkshire have had one for some time and like Middlesex, Surrey and Essex, include him to travel around the country with them.

The fashion is developing and no doubt before long, every country and county will consider the outlay on a travelling masseur well spent.

SECOND SPEEDWAY TEST

MANCHESTER, June 25 (PTI-Reuter): England beat Australia by 58 points to 50 in the second Speedway test at Belle vue here tonight.

The England team, thus atoned prior 60 to 47 defeat by Australia in the first match of the series.

Leading scorers for England were Louis Lawson with 14 points and Ellie Rig with 12 and for Australia. Graham Warren with 15 and Mervyn Harding with 14.

Brilliant Pre-Lunch Century By R.G. Asher

J. UNWALLA CAPTURES 7 WKTS. FOR 56 IN GYMKHANAS CRICKET

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Three Gymkhanas—P. J. Hindu Gymkhana 'B', Parsee Gymkhana and Bombay Gymkhana 'B' played their cricket fixtures today. Out of these engagements Hindu Gymkhana 'B' won their encounter against National Brotherhood C.C., and Bombay Gymkhana were rather fortunate to draw with Mercantile Bank C.C., while Parsee Gymkhana were defeated by Young Zoroastrian C.C.

P. J. Hindu Gymkhana 'B' in their encounter against National Brotherhood C.C. on their home ground, batting first put on 218 runs. A brilliant century by R. G. Ashar who completed his 101 before lunch and which included 13 fours was mainly responsible for this total; while S. P. Shah contributed good 51 runs which had in it seven hits to the boundary.

National Brotherhood C.C. going in to bat could not stand to the Gymkhana bowling and were all out for 166 runs; thus leaving their opponents as winners by 52 runs. The scores were as under:—

P J. Hindu Gymkhana 'B': 218 all out (R. G. Asher 101, S. P. Shah 51, M. V. Bhede 32; Tawfique Hussein 5 for 73, Akbar Khan 2 for 38).

National Brotherhood C.C.: 166 all out (Faiyaz Mawjee 33, Tawfique Hussein 32, Mohuddin 30, Akbar Khan 26; Thanawala 2 for 18, L. Galali 2 for 33).

In the second match at Kennedy Sea-Face between Parsee Gymkhana and Young Zoroastrian Cricket Club, the latter won by one wicket and 4 runs.

Making the first use of the wicket Parsee Gymkhana could collect only 180 runs. K. K. Irani and N. H. Colah were the main stay of the Gymkhana and scored 53 not-out and 45 runs respectively. Irani hit 8 fours; while Colah reached the boundary line seven times.

In reply Young Zoroastrian C.C. passed their rival's total with one wicket in hand. Majority of their batsmen batted well and thus helped their side to a victory by one wicket over Parsee Gymkhana. The scores here given below.

Parsee Gymkhana 180 all out (K. K. Irani not out 53, N. H. Colah 45, T. K. Contractor 31; J. Unwala 7 for 56, P. Pavri 3 for 49).

Young Zoroastrian C.C.: 184 for 9 wickets. (R. Scruwala not out 46, G. Shroff 35, K. C. Lalinwalla 27, K. Peddar 23; P. M. Dhondy 3 for 33, A. M. Captain 3 for 46, N. H. Colah 2 for 26).

At Azad Maidan Bombay Gymkhana 'B' against Mercantile Bank C. C. were rather fortunate to save their game as the time came to their rescue and thus they were able to draw with.

Batting first Mercantile Bank C.C. piled up a good score of 213 runs for 6 wickets declared. For this total they were indebted to S. A. Mahid, G. K. Givalani and D. Mahadik who made 58, 37 not out, and 73 runs respectively; and they declared their innings closed with the total 213 runs for 6 wickets.

Bombay Gymkhana 'B' could not fair well and were 9 wickets down for a small total of 126 runs, when the time saved them from the defeat.

Mercantile Bank C.C.: 213 for 6 wkts. declared (D. Mahadik 73; S. A. Mahid 58, G. K. Gilvani 37 not out; Johnson 3 for 33).

Bombay Gymkhana 'B' 126 for 9 wickets (C. D. Wales 27, H. E. Lees 19, Uchil 4 for 24, Rege 2 for 45).

Club Cricket In Bombay

Several Fine Bowling And Batting Performances

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Several cricket matches were played today, and some good performances were witnessed. The following were the results of the matches played.

Fort Vijay Cricket Club beat Reserve Bank of India Sports Club by 113 runs at Azad Maidan.

Fort Vijay C.C.: 202 all out (L. J. Khichadia 65, S. P. Bhatia 29, K. A. Sampat 28, Shanti 20; Cordiers 4 for 40, Y. Mhatre 2 for 16, W. Martyres 2 for 39).

Reserve Bank of India S.C.: 89 all out (W. Martyres not out 32, Ingle 15; N. M. Parekh 4 for 15, N. M. Asher 3 for 21, M. V. Kapadia 2 for 14, Bharat Dalal 1 for 14).

Parsee Cyclists Sports Club beat Ghatkopar Hanuman Cricket Club by 140 runs at Azad Maidan.

Parsee Cyclists S.C.: 199 for loss of 8 wickets declared (B. J. Govadia 44, Dinshaw Mody 50, E. J. Billimoria 33, D. F. Bhada 22; Patel and Thakere took 4 and 3 wkts. respectively).

Ghatkopar Hanuman C.C.: 59 all out (Vardhman 28; Golwalla 4 for 6 runs, B. Govadia 3 for 13, Contractor 2 for 21).

Sunder Cricket Club beat Police Sports Club by 28 runs at Cross Maidan.

Sunder C.C.: 178 all out (D. G. Phadkar 74, A. B. Abraham 28; J. C. Roach 3 for 42, R. N. Temkar 3 for 47, B. P. Kadam 2 for 29, P. G. Rane 1 for 11).

Police Sports Club: 150 all out—(B. P. Kadam 44, R. N. Jadhav 31, R. N. Temkar not out 23; D. G. Phadkar 3 for 41, B. G. Patel 3 for 23, S. V. Nadkarni 2 for 30).

B.E.S.T. Sports Club beat Gowd Sarswat Cricket Club by 123 runs at Cross Maidan.

BEST S.C.: 302 all out (Dandekar 93, D. B. Satha 63, Satham 47, Kaikini 42, Mundkur 2 for 29, M. M. Dalvi 2 for 44, S. D. Telang 2 for 46, N. K. Mantri 2 for 74).

Gowd Sarswat C.C.: 179 all out (P. R. Dalvi 55, Mundkur 33; D. B. Satha 4 for 41, Satghare 2 for 46).

Khar Gymkhana drew with G.E.C. (India) Sports Club at Cross Maidan.

Khar Gymkhana: 183 all out (J. B. Palvankar 34, S. L. Patil 27, S. P. Edekar 22, Ram Ranjan 21; E. D'Mello 5 for 49, Salian 2 for 11, D. Adhikari 2 for 42).

G.E.C. (India) S.C.: 104 for loss of 6 wickets (Salian 28, E. D'Mello 16; Ram Ranjan 2 for 19).

Prabhu Young Cricketers beat Youth Own Union Sports Club by 31 runs at Oval.

Youth Own Union S.C.: 93 all out. (M. K. Tantra 51, J. Pocha 14; V. V. Kothare 4 for 7 runs, V. M. Kothare 3 for 23, W. S. Kothare 2 for 10 runs).

Prabhu Young Cricketers: 124 all out (V. M. Kothare not out 65, V. B. Vijaykar 17, S. S. Trilokekar 12; B. K. Madon 3 for 24, F. M. Daruwalia 2 for 22).

Noor Lowers 1 1/4 M. World Record

ALBANY California, June 24 (PTI-Reuter.

Irish bred, Noor broke the world record for a mile and a quarter with a time of 1 minute 58-1/5 seconds in defeating the American champion Citation by three length in the 5,000 dollars Golden Gate Hanhicap here today.

It was the fourth time he had beaten Citation.

After running last for nearly a mile Noor moved up on the outside followed by Citation. On Trust was third.

BRAZIL BEATS MEXICO 4-0

World Soccer Tournament Commences

Rio-De-Janeiro, June 24 (PTI-Reuter): Amid scenes of great enthusiasm, the 1950 World Soccer Championship opened in the great new white and blue concrete municipal stadium here with a Pool "A" match between Brazil and Mexico.

The sun shone strongly from a nearly cloudless sky, and on occasions puffs of wind blew up a huge duststorm in the centre of the great oval bowl.

Firework are the great delight of the Brazilians and before the match began the whole stadium echoed to the booms of giant fizzers which made nearby fans jump from their seats.

Brazil fully deserved their 1-0 lead at the interval having had nearly all the game. Through individually excellent they were not playing well together as a team.

Their goal game in the 35th minute from their star forward inside right Ademir and the crowd went crazy firing off fireworks by the thousand.

The match was all Brazil in the second half and if their shooting had been more certain they must have won by an even bigger margin than the 4-0 which was the score in their favour at the end.

Time and again the ball crashed against the Mexican crossbar and skimmed past it or the uprights.

The second half goals came from inside left Jair, centre forward Baltazar and Ademir.

PAK. CRICKET BOARD LOOK AHEAD

Coaching Of Youngsters Is A Necessity

KARACHI, June 24 (PTI-Reuter).

The working Committee of the Board of Control for Cricket in Pakistan meeting at Lahore on June 30 will have to take decisions which may have an important bearing on the future development of cricket in Pakistan, it is learnt here.

Figuring prominently on the agenda of the meeting is a proposal to send to England for coaching two or three young promising cricketers from this country.

It will be recalled that early this year at its general body meeting in Karachi, the Board of Control had accepted the principle of sending "promising Pakistani cricketers" for coaching abroad, but left the number and time to the working committee to decide upon.

It is reliably understood that the Secretary of the board is in communication with Grovers Cricket School regarding vacancies and has received favourable replies.

Another item to be taken up at the conference is the secretary's report of his meeting with the Board of Control for India at Bombay which had tentatively agreed upon the M.C.C. visiting Pakistan when they tour India in 1951.

CALCUTTA'S CRICKET STADIUM TAKES SHAPE

National Cricket Club Acquires Eden Gardens

CALCUTTA, June 25, (PTI): Calcutta's famous Eden Gardens, the second oldest cricket ground in the world, where the game has been played for more than a century and a quarter, will it is understood, be handed over to the proposed National Cricket Club, when it is formed. The N C C however will be a body distinct from the National Sports Club of India. The committee of the Calcutta Cricket Club which has had charge of the ground so long, has agreed to recommend to the members of the club to hand over voluntarily the Eden Gardens to the N C C for construction of a first class stadium there.

The Calcutta Cricket Club will not, however, go out of existence. It will take over the ground of the Ballygunge Cricket Club on Ballygunge Maidan, South Calcutta, and the B C C will be amalgamated with the former.

The Eden Gardens, surrounded by tall trees, has one of the finest pitches in the world and known for giving equal chances to bat and ball.

A cricket match was first played in Calcutta in the year 1825 on a plot of land opposite Government House facing the Eden Gardens by a group of Europeans led by one Mr. Vansitartt, a well-known business man of his time. They later started a club under the style Calcutta Cricket Club in the same year and occupied a corner of the Eden Gardens. It is after 125 years that the club is relinquishing the possession of the ground in favour of the proposed National Cricket Club.

The N. C. C. is being sponsored by the Cricket Association of Bengal with membership open to all interested in the game throughout the world. The Government of West Bengal, it is learnt, will permit the N. C. C. to build a stadium at the Gardens provided the club can collect Rs. 5 lakhs by the end of July this year. Government have also agreed to supply the necessary steel and cement for the construction. The sponsors have, it is further learnt, decided to enroll founder-members with a subscription of Rs. 1 000 possibly in instalments.

The proposed stadium, which is to be built by stages and is likely to cost Rs. 4 million will seat 40,000 people with an overflow accommodation for another 10,000. It will be named "Ranji Stadium" after the great Indian cricketer Ranji and will be the first of its kind in Calcutta.

FIRST BLUEPRINT OF SCHUMAN PLAN

Disagreement On Controlling Body

PARIS, June 25 (PTI-Reuter): The first detailed blueprint of the Schuman Plan handed to five delegation discussing the proposed merger with France here yesterday was also communicated to Britain, yho stayed out of these preliminary talks after failure to agree with France on their basis.

The first phase of the six-power conference was officially described by Chief French Negotiator, Jean Monnet as purely exploratory and information about the French "working document" was withheld until Monday.

Despite exteme discretion displayed by members of the visiting delegations, information obtained in conference circles indicated that the first week's talks almost amounted to a French monalogue with Benelux, Italian and German delegates firing questions at M. Monnet.

The questions reflected disagreement with the French view that the controlling high authority should be set up first and the technical arrangements for running the stel and coal pool should be worked out afterwards—not by the present conference, but by the new high authority, once its existence had been embodied in a treaty and ratified by the Parliaments of the participating countries.

BELGIAN LEADER'S VIEW

STRASBOURG: M. Paul Henri Spaak, former Belgian Socialist Premier and Chairman of the Council of Europe's Consultative Assembly suggested here today that the Council should assume the task of supervising the supra-national authority proposed to control the Schuman Plan for a European coal and steel pool.

If the pool were to be placed under an international parliament, reason and commonsense indicated that it should be the Strasbourg Assembly, M. Spaak declared.

In outlining France's latest proposals to the six-nation Schuman Plan conference in Paris last Wednesday M. Jean Monnet, Chief French Economic Planner and author of the Schuman Plan, said the high authority should be responsible to an assembly of deputies from the Parliaments of all participating countries.

Single Currency And Passport Likely

HANOVER, June 25 (PTI-Reuter): M. Andre Francois-Poncet, the French High Commissioner in Germany, said here today that he hoped that the Schuman Plan would finally lead to a single European currency and a single European passport.

Hewas speaking on the aims and possibilities of the Schuman Plan at the invitation of the Hanover Chamber of Industry and Commerce.

Britain, he went on to say had world-wide and Commonwealth interests and "is especially reluctant to yield part of her sovereignty to the so-called supreme authority provided for in the Schuman Plan. this, however, is necessary. England need not fear a dictatorship and will be kept informed of all decisions. On the other hand, it is no catastrophe if England does not want to take part.

U. K. DEBATE ON SCHUMAN PLAN

Ministerial Defeat Not Unlikely

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, June 25: British Government circles expect to come out in the Schuman Plan debate next week, in flying colours. The Socialists have no intention of standing in a white sheet. They were straightway ask the Tories to say yes or no as to whether they should leave blindly accepted the Schuman Plan before knowing the details. This will embarrass the Torie sas many of them are opposed to foreigners having any say on British economic life.

Mr. Churchill may try to lift the debate to an emotional plane but Mr. Attlee, who can rise to the occasion, may carry the day by good commonsense. But in the present evenly balanced House chance of ministerial defeat cannot be completely ruled out.

If the election takes place Liberals may find themselves inextricably tied to the Tories.

Lectures On U. N,

CALCUTTA, June 25 (PTI).—The Education Directorate of the West Bengal Government have arranged a course of lectures on the United Nations, its purposes and principles and structure and activities, at the David Training College from June 26 to 29.

The course will be run with teachers of 40 selected high English schools of Calcutta so that they in their turn be able to teach these things to their pupils.

Chile Against Red China Admission Into U. N.

SANTIAGO DE CHILE, June 25 (PTI-Reuter).—The Chilean Foreign Office stated last night that Chile would vote against the admission of Communist China to the United Nations. It indicated that instructions in this sense had been sent to the Chilean Delegate to the United Nations Senior Herman Santacruz.

Senor Santacruz who is in London, denied a press report (not PTI-Reuter) attributing to him steps to support the admission of Chinese Communists to the United Nations.

Wheat Accumulates In Pakistan

PRICES FALL SHARPLY: ECONOMIC CRISIS?

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

KARACHI, (By Airmail).

A VERY acute economic crisis brought about by an unprecedentedly sharp and drastic fall in the price of wheat now faces Pakistan with the result that agriculturists in several places have decided to suspend the cultivation of wheat and switch on to oil-seeds.

The price of wheat has fallen from Rs. 9-12 to little over Rs. 5 per Bengali maund throughout Western Pakistan. Besides, the country is everywhere full of heavy unsold stocks of wheat not only of the last 1949-50 crop (which is sold away latest by May), but even of 1948-49 crop, which have been left over owing to non-availability of markets. The burden of this distress has fallen mainly on the poor cultivator and the zamindar, as the Government refrained since last year from purchasing the whole available stock of wheat from them and also from fixing its price as is done in India.

Strangely, the wheat crops of the last two years have throughout been bumper ones which not only has resulted in a considerable fall in the prices, but also in a large stock being left undisposed of. Consequently, the N W F Province, which regularly import annually about 30,000 tons of foodgrains, kept away from doing so last year.

INDIAN MARKETS

By a judicial and sympathetic handling of the situation, the Pakistan Government may also have easily been able to find markets in India and elsewhere for the entire surplus stock of wheat, but for some reasons it refrained from doing so till now. What is further strange, the Pakistan Government did not permit free trade for the disposal of this surplus wheat. By removing this restriction, the crisis could also have easily been solved.

According to Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, Fresident of the Awami Muslim League, the crisis today is due to the unjustified policy of the Pakistan Food Department to sell to Japan some months ago.

Another reason for the sharp fall in wheat prices was the inability of the agriculturists to hold with themselves stocks of wheat because of lack of finance and also want of pucca store-houses. Accordingly, they became eager to sell wheat immediately after the crop was over. Large stocks of wheat in Pakistan are, besides, reported to have deteriorated as the result of insufficient shelter. According to a report in the 'Dawn', the reluctance of the Government to dispel the doubts and counteract the rumours regarding the quality and the prices of the last year's accumulated wheat stocks rather than their inability to sell them is responsible for panic among the farmers.

A false sense of consolation is attempted to be given by the authorities to the agriculturists for this wheat crisis. They try to explain to them that the fall in prices was due to an increase in the value of the Pakistan rupee as the result of its non-devaluation. But the farmers retorted that as the result of this non-devaluation, they have reaped no benefit whatsoever, the value of their earnings being still more or less the same as in predevaluation days and the prices of many essential commodities in Pakistan still being the same as previously.

ACREAGE MAY BE CUT

The Sind Food Minister, Agha Ghulam Nabi Pathan, expressed the fear that the fall in wheat prices would reduce the acreage of wheat as the zamindars propose to shift to cultivation of oil-seeds (mostly mustard and linseed) which would command a good export market and besides fetch about Rs. 50 per acre instead of Rs. 17 yielded by wheat. This year, the Minister declared, as many as 150,000 tons of foodgrains, mostly wheat, would be declared surplus by only the province of Sind.

To meet this wheat crisis by stabilising the prices of wheat, the Pakistan Government has been compelled to revise its previous policy. All the provincial Governments been asked to buy wheat this year from producers and stock-holder, but only in cases where it was offered for sale. Besides the floor price of wheat has been fixed at Rs. 6-4 per Bengal maund only last week, which is described by the Pakistan Food Minister, Pirzada Abdul Sattar, as strictly in consistence with the rate in the international wheat market and a competitive rate'.

That this new rate will not lessen the difficulties of the agriculturists, can be easily felt when compared to the former market rate of Rs. 9-12 or even with that of Rs. 7-8, the least suggested by Shaheed Suhrawardy. The latter had also strongly criticised the Pakistan Government in not having yet taken these decisions for a very long time.

In view of the plight of the agriculturists as the result of inability to sell wheat or of having got very low prices, the Sind Government has, besides, directed postponement of collection of land assessment and to also avoid pressure in the collection of taxes. Agricultural tax in Sind is being levied on the current prices of the produce, Sind exchequer will suffer a loss of about Rs. 25 lakhs on account of this wheat crisis.

The Sind Premier, Kazi Fazlullah, however, has expressed anxiety owing to the Punjab Government having yet taken no decision on wheat prices.

In order to relieve the disequilibrium in the country's economy due to the heavy fall in wheat prices, the relaxation of export regulations for surplus foodgrains has been strongly urged by Mr. M. A. Jawad, General Secretary, Pakistan Federation of Commerce and Industries. The Pakistan Government, however, propose to offer three lakhs tons of wheat to India themselves.

In addition, they are reported to be negotiating for the sale of wheat with some other foreign countries. Negotiations with a trade mission from Japan were recently concluded for the supply of one lakh tons of wheat to Japan while 9,000 tons have last week been shipped to Turkey in addition to 17,000 tons already shipped to it. A supply of another 25,000 tons to it is under consideration while 1,50,000 tons are proposed to be sent to West Germany within a year from a near date, according to a bi-lateral trade agreement with this country.

SUHRAWARDY ATTACKS

Commenting on the recent decision of the Pakistan Press Consultative Committee under the Chairmanship of Khwaja Shahabuddin, Pakistan Minister For Interior and Information, asking the editor of 'Guardias', an English weekly of Lahore, to tender an unqualified apology for his 'inconsiderate action', the Awami Muslim League President Shaheed Suhrawardy says:

"The tendency of the Government towards authoritarianism and dictatorship has been all too clear for a considerable time. The Minister has now openly defied the press and made it clear that it must not offend the tender susceptibilities of the Government in any way under pain of suspension. He has created a national issue and the self-respect of the nation demands that it must protest against it in the interests of freedom and independence."

RUMANIAN WORKERS PARTY PURGE

192,000 In 18 Months!

PRAGUE, June 25 (PTI-Reuter).—The Rumanian Workers Party has been purged of 192,000 members in the last 18 months, Georghiu-Dej, General Secretary of the Party Central Committee disclosed in a report in this week's Cominform journal.

The 192 000 expelled represented more than one-fifth of the total membership of the Party in November 1948 when the purge began, he said.

Georghiu-Dej said more than 100,000 were expelled for being exploiters, enemies and elements alien to the working class, dishonest and morally corrupt.

The others were expelled because they did not come up to the required party standards, took no active part in party life and belonged to the party merely formally.

IMPERIAL PRESS CONFERENCE

NEW YORK, June 25 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. C. R. Srinivasan and Mr. Durga Das, delegates from India to the Seventh Imperial Press Conference in Canada arrived in New York yesterday on their way back to India.

Two other delegates Mr. M. N Cama, Leader of the Delegation and Mr. Ian Stephens are still attending the conference at Toronto.

Mr. Durga Das stayed on in New York while Mr. Srinivasan caught a connecting plane to Washington at La Guardia airport.

Mr. Srinivasan proposes to stay in Washington for four days meeting leading press men and officials of the State Department.

Mr. Durga Das will go to Washington on June 28. From Washington Mr. Srinivasan and Mr. Durga Das will fly to San Francisco, Los Angeles and Chicago returning to New York on July 5. They propose to leave for London about July 9.

PENICILLIN THROUGH LICENSED DRUGGISTS

Gujarat Chamber's Suggestion

AHMEDABAD, June 25 (PTI): The Gujarat Chamber of Commerce, in a communication addressed to the Minister of Civil Supplies, Government of Bombay, suggests the distribution of penicillin through licensed druggists instead of the Rationing Department.

The Chamber states: "If there is real shortage of penicillin, the Union Government should have controlled its distribution throughout the country. With the controlled distribution only in Bombay State where its use is greater, it is sold in blackmarkets in the rest of the country" the statement added that even in the Rationing Department "blackmarketing and partiality are likely to be manifested.

"Treatment Of Rabie"

BOMBAY, Sunday.

A U.N. Radio Recording of a talk entitled "The Danger and Treatment of Rabies" by Lt.-Col. Ahuja, Director, Central Research Institute Kasauli wil be broadcast from All India Radio, Bombay, on June 26, at 9-15 p.m. on 244 and 41.44 metres.

FRESH ELECTIONS IN FRANCE?

Queuille Likely To Be Next Premier

PARIS, June 25 (PTI-Reuter): The fall of the eleventh French Government in five years came at a critical moment yesterday and many ooservers forecast premature elections—not constitutionally due until October 1951.

If no stable working majority can be found a reluctant Assembly may have no choice but to vote a law ending its mandate i. the near future.

The six-power coal and steel conference ended its first phase as the Assembly voted M. Georges Bidault out of office.

The first conference between France and the Governments of the three associated states of Indo-China is due to start on Tuesday.

In home affairs the voting of the detailed estimates has been left high and dry. Some of them have not yet been voted, and none of the revenue and tax measures have yet been approved by Parliament.

The most likely candidate as new Premier-designate was thought to be 66-year-old Dr. Henri Queuille, the Radical deputy and Premier of the Government that preceded the Bidault Cabinet.

But no Premier-designate is likely to be nominated by President Vicent Auriol before Monday.

It is stated in lobbies that the Socialists have no chance.

Without Socialists, who with the Communists muster 287 deputies, no working majority for a government is possible without the support of nearly all other parties.

The fifty and odd Gaullists and certain rightwing deputies are not prepared to support any so-called third force government. They urge new elections

At the same time the central problem to be solved before a new government is formed is that of changing the electoral system from the present one of proportional representation.

LIE TO CONTINUE PEACE EFFORTS

Says Differences Can Be Solved

LAKE SUCCESS, June 25 (PTI-Reuter).

UNITED NATIONS Secretary-General, M. Trygve Lie, today wrote an open letter to the people of the world pledging his continued and untiring efforts to bring about peace through the United Nations.

The letter which was written as an answer to the millions of persons who wrote to M. Lie about his recent mission to London, Washington, Paris and Moscow declared: "I and the secretariat staff will do the best to carry on the work for peace, for understanding among peoples and for understanding and agreement among nations and governments. We feel that this is the most important task in the world today."

M Lie said that differing economic and social systems had to live together. "There are no differences so great that only war can decide", he continued.

"Instead the programme should be discussion of differences, negotiation—patient, steady negotiations—in a spirit of give and take and mutual respect as many of you have written me.

"This does not mean surrender by any party. It means straightforward discussion aimed at settling differences. Not all can be settled quickly but a start must be made."

SOCIALIST ARRESTED: Mr. Vishwanath president, District Kisan Panchayat, Adilabad and member of the District Executive of the Socialist Pary, was arrested by the police according to a report received in the office of the Socialist Party, Secundera bad, on Sunday.

International Body To Help Food Production

EXECUTIVE OF IRRIGATION AND CANAL COMMISSION HOLDS FIRST MEETING

SIMLA, June 24 (PTI).

THE first meeting of the Executive Council of the International Commission on Irrigation and Canals held in Simla today unanimously elected Mr. A. N. Khosla, Chairman of the National Waterways Irrigation and Navigation Commission, as its first president.

Other office bearers elected are: Vice-Presidents:—Mr. Eeman (Netherlands) Mr. Edwards Jardas (Yugoslavia) and another from Egypt (the name will be announced later).

Mr. N. D. Ghulati (India) was elected the first Secretary General.

The office bearers are to hold office till the plenary session of the Commission to be held in Delhi between January 10 and 15 next.

The Council adopted a proposal recommending that the subscription for the current calender year be fixed at 600 dollars or its equivalent and that the matter be taken up further at the next meeting of the Council.

FOOD PRODUCTION

Mr. A. N. Khosla, inaugurating the first meeting of the Council expressed his earnest hope that "the deliberations and activities of this newly formed international organisation may materially contribute to the drive for production of more food for the growing populations of the world.

Mr. Khosla said: "The practice of irrigation brings in its wake the problems of water logging, malaria, and drainage of saline and alkaline lands, of engineering and economics and many more.

"During the last 30 years or so, a large number of international technical and scientific organisations have come into being in respect of various specialised problems. Nat one of these, however, deals with this most important problem of irrigation, on the proper understanding and successful handling of which depends the present and future food supply of the world.

"It is with this background that the Government of India, with their great interest in irrigation, sponsored a proposal to invite all countries of the world similarly interested, to cooperate and set up a forum where matters relating to the science and techniqque of irrigation and allied practices could be discussed for mutual benefit.

The Council provisionally adopted a draft constitution of the commission to be ratified later by its plenary session in Delhi in January next.

The salient points of the constitution are:

The Commission shall be constituted of national committees of participating countries and where no national committee exists, the government or some institution effectively representing interests with the scope of the object of the commission may appoint its representative.

The office-bearers of the commission shall be one president, three vice-presidents and one secretary-general who shall be elected by the international executive council.

The Commission may frame rules to permit individual engineers or scientists of non-participating countries to derive benefits from its activities.

The management of the affairs of the Commission shall be vested by the national committees and representatives in an international executive council which shall act as the instrument for carrying into effect the policies initiated by the respsctive national committees and representatives.

SIMLA: The Punjab Governor, Sir Chandulal Trivedi, gave a reception at Government House this evening in honour of the delegates and observers attending the first meeting of the executive council of the International Commission on Irrigation and Canals in Simla.

Need For Forest Consciousness

MADRAS COLLEGE CONVOCATION

COIMBATORE, June 25 (PTI): The convocation of the Madras Forest College, Coimbatore, was held here today under the presidentship of the Maharaja of Bhavnagar, Governor of Madras.

Mr. N. Sanjiva Reddi, State Minister, Mr. M. D. Chaturvedi, Inspector-General of Forests, Government of India, and Mr. C. R. Ranganathan, President of the Forest Research Institute, Dehra Dun, were among those present on the occasion.

The college, which is modelled on the lines of the Dehra Dun institute, trains ranger students.

With the taking over of the college by the Government of India in 1948, the ranger classes were doubled.

Admissions for the officers course has now been discontinued in the interests of economy, and the existing 1949-50 officer class will be the last batch to be trained in the college for the present

PRINCIPAL'S ADDRESS

Addressing the outgoing students, Principal A. A. Khan said that as a result of the unostentatious work of the forest department for the past 70 years, there were welcome signs of an increase in forest consciousness amongst at least the educated people in the country

It would be one of their most important duties to carry this enlightenment to the common man in the village by first securing his confidence by seeking to reduce his burden, and then giving him full particulars of the importance and valuable role that a properly stocked and protected forest can play in the development of agriculture, in the prevention of soil erosion, in the regulation of floods, in the maintenance and amelioration of a high water table and in the stabilisation of industries.

RESIGNATION: Most of the members on the recently-nominated Press Advisory Committee to the Hyderabad Government are understood to have sent in their resignaadopted recently at the All-Hyderations in pursuance of the resolution adopted recently at the All-Hyderabad Journalists' Conference demanding the reconstitution of the Committee in consultation with the Conference.

News BRIEFS

CANCELLED: The Saurashtra Government has cancelled the transfer of lands and other property by rulers of Gondal and Virpur States to some of their relatives during January 1948—before unification of Saurashtra took place.

NASIK SESSION: Chances of rain of one inch or more during the 56th session of the Indian National Congress at Nasik, should it be held in the second week of August, are about one in ten, according to the provisional reception committee of the session which has arrived at the conclusion after a study of rainfall figures for the last 20 years.

PUNJAB DELEGATES: Twenty-nine persons have been returned unopposed, as delegates of the Punjab State Congress, to the Nasik session of the Indian National Congress.

FLOOD PRECAUTIONS: The rainy season having set in, the Government of Uttar Pradesh has issued necessary instructions to District Magistrates to keep in their districts flood precaution machinery in readiness to deal with any emergency. A sum of Rs. 5,000 has been placed at the disposal of each district magistrate of the thirteen districts liable to be flooded.

ZAMINDARI FUND: The U.P. Zamindari Abolition Fund has exceeded Rs. 21 crores. The number of bhumidari declaration issued till the end of the same week ended June 16 was 22,23,835.

BONUS: A sum of Rs. 55,000 will be given as bonus to the workers of Rajkot textile mills following an understanding reached between the management and the workers union.

SILK BOARD: The second annual general meeting of the Central Silk Board will be held in Calcutta on June 28 and 29. Mr. Hare Krishna Mahatab, India's Minister for Industry and Supply, who is the ex-officio Chairman of the Board, will preside.

SHOW ROOM: A commercial show room of Indian goods will be shortly opened in Bangkok under the aegis of the Indian legation there. Claimed to be the first of its kind in South-East Asia, the show room has been designed to display all kinds of Indian products representative of factory or mill-made and cottage industries.

REFUGEE MOVEMENT: During the past 24 hours, 9,126 Hindus and 2,966 Muslims arrived in West Bengal by rail from Eastern Pakistan and 4749 Hindus and 3,894 Muslims left, says a press note issued by the Government of West Bengal on Sunday.

Balance Of Payment Position Better

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, June 25.

India's Balance of Payment position on Current account considerably improved in the July-December 1949 period, when she had an overoll favourable balance amounting to Rs. 200 million. India was in surplus with the Dollar and Soft Currency countries, but was in deficit with Belgium, Switzerland and Japan.

Taking the Calendar year 1949 as a whole, India was in deficit by Rs. 1420 millions of which the United Kingdom accounted for Rs. 1020 million the United States, Rs. 300 million, Japan, Rs. 110 million and other hard currency countries, Rs 660 million. With the exception of Britain, India had a surplus balance of Rs. 670 million with the rest of Soft Currency countries. India had £130 million releases from the Sterling Balance, which gave her about 1800 million rupees. In other words 1949 releases were not only abie to bridge the Balance of Payment gap, but were able to leave an unspent balance of about 380 million rupees at the disposal of India.

This balance together with January-June releases and her excess of exports over imports should explain some liberalization in India's import policy, announced here last week.

Jute Bobbin Imports

NEW DELHI, June 25 (PTI).—Importers of jute bobbins, falling under serial No. 37 (1) of part second of the Import Trade Control Schedule, are informed that past imports of all kinds of jute bobbins, including wooden bobbins, will be taken into account in calculating the quota of 25 per cent of half of the best year's imports as notified in respect of this item in the public notice dated June 15, 1950, says a press note issued by the Ministry of Commerce today.

As stated in the public notice, licences issued against this quota will be valued to cover the import of metallic and plastic bobbins only In this connection, 'metallic bobbins meant bobbins made entirely of metal.

Owes His Life To A Cigarette

SURVIVOR OF "INDIAN ENTERPRISE"

CAIRO, June 24 (PTI-Reuter): A Pakistani Winchman, sole survivor of the British ship "Indian Enterprise", which blew up on Monday in the Red Sea, owes his life to a cigarette.

Nur Hossain, 38, of Chittagong, pulled aboard a Norwegian ship about 20 minutes after the explosion, was still shaking today as he told his story haltingly to Mr. Ali Arshad, third secretary at the Pakistan Embassy in Cairo.

Again and again he reported, "It was terrible all my mates killed There were 74 people on the ship when she blew up"

Lying covered in bandages in the British military hospital at Suez, suffering from burns, Hossain said he had gone on deck about midnight to smoke a cigarette and escape the heat below. As he walked and smoked, he saw "a tongue of fire" shoot out, and felt the ship disintegrate under his feet

"I was blown overboard" he said. "As far as I can remember I was in water for about 20 minutes struggling for my life in the darkness amid sea debris."

Norwegian seamen of the "Westfal Larsen" pulled Hossain out of the oil-covered sea. He kept repeating the word "magazine magazine", suggesting to his rescuers that he explosion had originated in the explosive store.

The "Indian Enterprise" was carrying general cargo of 8,500 tons, including 580 tons of explosives, tractors and motorcar spares, cement, and radio sets to Calcutta from London. The disaster occurred between Kossier on the Egyptain coast and Wejd, in Saud. Arabia.

The ship's master, Captain P. F. Campbell, and five officers were British. Eight other officers were Indian, and the vessel crew were Indian and Pakistan. seamen. Other ships which rushed to the rescue first heard cries in the distance but soon silence fell.

The master of one of the ships that dashed to the aid of the British steamer, "Indian Enterprise", said here today that the pall of smoke hanging over the area had the tang of cordite.

FRENCH PLANE CRASH: SURVIVORS' STORY

PARIS, June 25 (PTI-Reuter).—Two starving French soldiers yesterday staggered into a tiny Madagascar village and solved the mystery of a military aircraft which disappeared on a jungle flight twelve days ago.

They said their aircraft, a Junkers 52, crashed during a flight from Antananarive to Tamatave. Ten of those aboard—all soldiers or members of the Army Air Force—were killed outright and the two survivors left four seriously wounded in the wreckage.

NO MORE VISITS IN CANADA

Liaquat's Tour Programme

KARACHI, June 25, (PTI-Reuter): A spokesman of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs characterised as 'baseless' the press report that the Pakistan Prime Minister Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan will visit Calgari (Alberta, Canada), from July 10 to July 15.

According to the spokesman the Pakistan Prime Minister after a stay of about a week in London where he is to arrive on July 2 will fly to Karachi.

REVOLUTIONARY REDS ARRESTED

GAUHATI, June 25 (UPI).—Nearly one hundred persons have been arrested by police from the suburbs of Gauhati town in their drive against the workers of the Revolutionary Communist Party of India. They were sent before an Interrogation Board and remanded to custody.

Nearly a dozen persons have been let off as there were no definite evidence against them.

The Board consists of five Central C.I.D. officers and the Officer-in-Charge of the Gauhati Police station.

Rounding up of the members of the Revolutionary Communist Party is continuing in different parts of the State but the total number of such arrests is not available so far.

Central Silk Board

CALCUTTA, June 25 (UPI): The second annual general meeting of the Central Silk Board will be held on June 28 and 29 next. Shri Hare Krishna Mahatab, Minister for Industry and Supply, Government of India, who is the ex-officio Chairman of the Board, will preside.

The Central Silk Board, a statutory organization, was set up by the Government in May last under the Central Silk Board Act In addition to the Chairman the Board consists of 28 members representing all the States in India and also the industrial interests in the country Its funds are at present derived from grants from the Central Government.

EARTHQUAKE REPORT: An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin with epicentre near latitude 21.5 degrees south, and longitude 173 degree east, about 400 miles in the sea, to the south east of Fiji Islands and about 1,160 miles away from Poona was recorded on the seismographs in the meteorological office, Poona at 4-9 a.m on Sunday.

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RESETTLING OF REFUGEES

Nehru Urges Need For Clear-Cut Plan

CALCUTTA, June 26. (PTI).

THE Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, emphasised here today the need for tackling the work of rehabilitation of displaced persons with wholehartedness and on the basis of a clear-cut plan.

The Prime Minister, who was inaugurating the first meeting of the Joint Rehabilitation Board, is reported to have stated that no half-hearted measures would carry them through in the gigantic task of resettling the refugees. The rehabilitation programme, he said, could be a success only if all the state Governments concerned pooled their resources and co-ordinated their efforts.

Pandit Nehru suggested that the displaced persons should not be kept idle in relief centres for a long period. In case there was some delay in resettling them, they should be provided with some work. Training centres should be organised, where possible, to enable them to pick up new vocations. The question of rehabilitation of displaced persons was a national problem, the Prime Minister added.

The Board was set up at the instance of the Prime Minister to co-ordinate the work of rehabilitation in West Bengal, Bihar, Orissa, Assam and Tripura.

Today's meeting, which was presided over by Mr. Ajit Prasad Jain, Minister of State for Rehabilitation, was attended among others, by Dr. B. C. Roy, Chief Minister of West Bengal, Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi, Chief Minister of Assam, Mr. Nabakrishna Chowdhury, Chief Minister of Orissa, Mr. Bhupati Majumdar, Irrigation Minister of West Bengal, Mr. Moitram Bora, Rehabilitation Minister of Assam, Mr. Abdul Quayum Ansari, Rehabilitation Minister of Bihar and Mr. R. K. Rai, Chief Commissioner of Tripura.

BUSY DAY

Pandit Nehru spent a busy day in Calcutta today. He had a long discussion this morning with Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi, Chief Minister of Assam. Mr. Bardoloi is stated to have appraised the Prime Minister with the present situation in Assam and the steps taken by the State Government in implementation of the Indo-Pakistan Agreement.

Mr. Shanker Rao Deo, General Secretary of the AICC, and Dr. Prafulla Chandra Ghosh, Member of the Congress Working Committee, who recently toured East Bengal, called on the Prime Minister and appraised him with their appreciation of the present situation in that province as also in West Bengal.

Later, Pandit Nehru received Major-General S. B. S. Roy, Area Commander, and also had a discussion with some officials of the West Bengal Government on the situation in the State. Mr. S. N. Ray, Chief Secretary, and Mr. R. Gupta, Home Secretary were among those present.

Shortly before lunch, the Prime Minister met the President and members of the West Bengal inquiry commission. This was followed by a meeting with the Chairman and Members of the State Minority Commission, set up in terms of the Indo-Pakistan Agreement."

Pandit Nehru also met representatives of the United Council of Relief and Welfare and heard from them an account of the relief work which the organisation had been doing in various parts of West Bengal. Mr. Ajit Prasad Jain, Minister of State for Rehabilitation, was also present.

MEETS EDITORS

The Prime Minister spent the afternoon with the local newspaper Editors, when he had a frank and free discussion on various problems confronting the country in general and the press in particular.

He also met some non-officials, including Mr. Deven Sen, the I N T U C leader of West Bengal.

Later, the Prime Minister paid a visit to the officers' mess at Fort William and spoke to officers.

A small dinner party was arranged at Government house tonight in honour of the Prime Minister, which was attended by Ministers and others.

Pandit Nehru is returning to Delhi by air tomorrow morning.

BAN ON PAPERS

At the conference, Pandit Nehru announced that, according to information received in Calcutta this afternoon, the East Bengal Government had decided to lift the ban on a number of Calcutta newspapers.

SOLVE PROBLEM OF REHABILITATION

Dr. Mukerjee's Appeal

KARIMGANJ, June 25 (UPI): Dr. Syama Prasad Mookerjee who arrived here today from Silchar said at a public meeting here that he was convinced after his tour of West Bengal and Assam that the people were behind him in his stand regarding the minorities in East Pakistan. Government, he added, should move according to the dictates of public opinion.

He said that he held Pandit Nehru and Sardar Patel in high esteem, but differed from them now. "We must face realities", he said, "and try to solve the national problem of rehabilitating the lakhs of displaced persons who one day had everything but now have been reduced to the plight of beggars. Pandit Nehru had given the assurance at the time of partition that the Hindus in Pakistan would be looked after, but that promise had not been fulfilled."

Therefore, Dr. Mookerjee added, the people should now compel Government to solve the problem facing the Pakistan minorities at any cost.

Allotment Of Evacuee Houses

JULLUNDUR, June 25 (PTI): All Village Housing Panchayats have been asked to submit schemes for allotment of evacuee houses in respect of their villages by June 30 according to a press note from the Department of Rehabilitation. The press note adds that if any of the Panchayats fail to submit their recommendations by the prescribed date, allotment of evacuee houses and building sites will be done by the revenue staff who have been asked to arrange tours in the months of July and August 1950 and of every evacuee village.

SIR OWEN VISITS JAMMU BORDER

JAMMU, June 25 (PTI).—Sir Owen Dixon, United Nations Mediator for Kashmir, paid a visit last evening to Suchetgarh, eighteen miles from Jammu bordering Pakistan.

Standing at the old customs checkpost, he had a view of the Pakistan side.

On his way to Suchetgarh Sir Owen saw fields being cultivated on both sides of the road by farmers and cattle grazing.

After half an hour, he returned to Jammu.

Today early in the morning, Sir Owen Dixon is leaving for Srinagar. On the way he will have a naerial view of Naushera and Rajouri.

At noon yesterday he was in his room studying maps and discussing with the army officers.

SRINAGAR, June 25 (PTI): Sir Owen Dixon, U.N. Representative, is scheduled to fly to Leh tomorrow, weather permitting.

He is expected to return to Srinagar the same day.

Sir Owen reached Srinagar this morning after completing his tour of Jammu. He visited the Suchegarh border and Akhnur by road and flew over Naushera and Rajaouri. He could not fly over Poonch owing to hazy weather.

Hyderabad Panchayats To Have Elected Members

Panchayats in Hyderabad's 22,000 odd villages will have an elected majority instead of its present nominated membership as a result of certain amendments proposed in the Hyderabad Village Panchayat Act of 1351 (Fasli).

ADEN, June 25 (PTI-Reuter): B. Thadani, the Government of India's first Commissioner to Aden has presented his credentials to the Governor Sir Reginald Champion.

Thadani arrived here last monday.

PEPSU CONGRESS ELECTION TANGLE

Serious, Says Zail Singh

PATIALA, June 25, (PTI): Giani Zail Singh, former Minister of PEPSU accompanied by Chaudhri Nihal Singh Takshak, Secretary of the PEPSU Congress, Mr. Ram Nath, former Minister, Mr Surinder Nath Khosla Sardar Mehr Singh, member P.P.C.C. and others left for Delhi yesterday in response to a telegraphic invitation from A.I.C.C. to contact Mr. Ram Sahay deputed by the Congress Election Sub-Committee to discuss and finally decided the Congress election tangle in PEPSU.

In an interview Giani Zail Singh said that matters had reached such a pass that if the Congress Election Sub-Committee, or Mr. Ram Sahay, deputed to look into the complaints against the group in power failed to redress their just grievances there was a possibility of their forging a parallel Congress organisation in PEPSU.

SCHOOLS TO TRAIN CRIMINALS

Story Told In Calcutta Court

CALCUTTA, June 25 (UPI): Even criminals have their schools to train up young "recruits" in the technique of crimes. The story of such training by a gang of old criminals was related in the court of Additional Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta, yesterday.

In this case two persons were arrested in connection with the kidnapping of a boy from his parent's place in Calcutta.

The boy stated before the police that one of the accused who is an old criminal, formed a gang in North Calcutta and concealed him at a place with the idea of teaching him along with other boys various tricks of crime. After being perfectly trained up, they were to be utilised in pick-pocketing passengers in buses and tram-cars and also people passing along the crowded localities in the city.

The suspects were remanded to police custody till June 29 pending further investigation.

ACCIDENT DUE TO SABOTAGE

NEW DELHI, June 25 (UPI): That the accident was caused by tampering with the track by some unknown person or persons is the finding of the Government Inspector of Railways, Calcutta, who enquired into the No. 5 Up Punjab Mail derailment, resulting in the death of 91 persons and injuries to 113 others. He has exonerated the driver of the train as it was not possible for the driver "to notice the discontinuity in the track where the rail was displaced, in time to stop the train and avert its derailment."

Destruction Of Sabari Temple Deliberate

QUILON, June 25 (PTI).—Mr. N. R. Srinivasan, District Superintendent of Police, Quilon, told the Press Trust of India yesterday on his return after preliminary investigation into the destruction of the Sabari Malai temple, that it was "a deliberate act calculated to destroy the 'Sasta' itself."

Mr. Srinivasan said that the entry into the sanctum sanctorum was gained by smashing the single entrance door, which was strong and well secured. The idol was attacked directly and damaged. Ingress had also been obtained into the store room of the Devaswom Department and the tools room of the Public Works Department.

Mr. Srinivasan continued: "The modus operandi employed to gain entry is simply of a frightful nature. There is also sufficient evidence to show that the perpetrators of the crime camped there and the progress of destruction was watched." Appealing to the Press and the police to exercise the maximum restraint, Mr. Srinivasan asked the Press in particular to refrain from carrying stories which might tend to retard the progress of police investigation in apprehending the persons responsible for the callous act.

TURKEY REJECTS BULGARIAN NOTE

ANKARA, June 25, (PTI-Reuter): The Foreign Office announced yesterday that Turkey had rejected a recent Bulgarian note on a frontier incident in which Turkish journalist Arif Necib was killed.

The Turkish Government had asked for the return of the body and payment of indemnity to the dead man's family.

Human Rights Violated

S. AFRICAN INDIANS ON RACIAL BILL

DURBAN, June 25 (PTI-Reuter): The complaints of Indians in South Africa about the introduction of the Group Areas Bill—providing for segregation of the various races into separate residential and business areas—are to be submitted to the Commission on Human Rights, an agency of the United Nations Economic and Social Council.

The Commission has no power to take action on any complaints concerning human rights, but a statement by the South African Indian Congress—a moderate organisation—yesterday night said it had cabled the United Nations Secretary-General about the treatment of Indians in South Africa, maintaining that the Group Areas Bill and laws affesting South African Indians were "violating the provisions of the Internatianal Declaration of Human Rights."

Dr. G. M. Naicker, President of the Indian Congress, has now received a letter from the Director of the Division of Human Rights in which he said a summary of the Indian cable would be inserted in the list of communications which would be submitted to the Commission on Human Rights.

The Director added that a copy of the cable would be furnished to the Union of South Africa.

Argentine Wheat For Madras

MADRAS, June 24 (PTI): The S.S. 'Mestos' carrying 10,006 tons of wheat from Argentina arrived in Madras today. She will discharge 4,000 tons here and carry on the balance cargo to Calcutta..

No Withdrawal Of Directive Against Japanese Reds

MACARTHUR'S REPLY TO RUSSIAN NOTE

TOKYO, June 25 (PTI-Reuter).

GENERAL DOUGLAS MACARTHUR, Supreme Allied Commander, in Japan today rejected a Russian demand that he withdraw his recent directive ordering a purge of 24 Japanese communists.

The Russian demand was handed to the Allied Commander yesterday by Col. Poliashenko, Deputy Soviet member of the Allied Council for Japan.

In a reply today, General MacArthur declared: "I have received your note of June 24 and have carefully considered its contents in a vain search for some semblance of merit and validity.

General MacArthur's reply declared that "rarely indeed have I perused such a conglomeration of mis-statement, misrepresentation and prevarication of fact."

The Russian note, demanding that General MacArthur withdraw his directive against the Communists, protested aganst new reprisals taken by the American occupation authorities and the Japanese Government against Japanese traders, the Communist Party and other democratic organisations."

It said General MacArthur directive "violated the Potsdam Declaration."

General MacArthur's reply and that so complete wa sthe unrealism of the Soviet note that its premise offered no basis for rational discussion.

"PLAIN PURPOSE"

"Its plain purpose, to support and encourage those few irresponsible Japanese bent upon creating mass confusion and social unrest leading to violence and disorder, is a shameful misuse of diplomatic privileges, which ill becomes the representatives of nation charged with a measure of responsibility for the democratic reorientation of Japan," he said.

"I am accordingly, left with no other alternative than to disapprove its intemperate proposals and indeed to reject the complete context of the document itself," General MacArthur added.

SWEDEN LEADS ITALY

SAO PAULO, June 25 (PTI-Reuter): Sweden were leading Italy by two goals to one at halftime in their pool C. World Cup Soccer match here today.

DHORAJI BACK TO NORMAL

RAJKOT June 24, (PTI): A Saurashtra Government press note issued here today says that "the situation arising out of the disturbance at Dhoraji on June 22 has now been completely brought under control.

"Final authoritative reports say that only seven buildings were looted and three houses, including two shops, were burnt by the hooligans.

"The police have registered the complaints and investigations are now in progress. Property worth Rs. 10,000 has also been recovered. Only four Muslims and eight Hindus have received injuries, out of which, only one Hindu received grievous hurt. He is making good progress

Bonus To Ahmedabad Textile Workers

AHMEDABAD, June 24, (PTI): The Industrial Court will shortly take up the question of payment of bonus for the year 1949 to the Textile workers of Ahmedabad it is learnt.

Those mills that are said to be "running at a loss" are preparing their "individual cases" to press the Industrial Court not to fix the bonus on the profits of the whole industry. They will plead: "The weakest and the best mills cannot pay the same bonus".

Commonwealth Ties Are Vital To Britain

SMETHWICK (Strafford), June 24, (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Patrick-Gordon-Walker, Commonwealth Relations Secretary, said here today that Britain, while anxious to ensure that greater European cooperation was built on a firm basis(could not "agree to take any irrevocable step which might weaken or threaten ou very close commonwealth ties".

"Our membership of the Commonwealth is vital to us and we regard it as of supreme importance", he said.

Preventing Sabotage On Railway Tracks

U. P. GOVERNMENT'S MOVE

LUCKNOW, June 25 (UPI).

THE question of evolving an effective system of patrolling railway tracks is engaging the active consideration of the State Government, it is learnt. Government feel that the people of the areas through which railway lines are laid should share responsibility for the safety of the track.

During the war period legislation was enacted which laid upon the villages the duty of watching and protecting the railway line within their limits under the penalty of collective punitive action.

Government, however, do not propose to enforce any such measures. It is, instead, desired to start Educative propaganda among the masses for the development of social conciousness and sense of honour and pride amongst the villagers in order to promote voluntary measures for the protection of the railway lines.

The scheme which is now under Government consideration proposes that each village should take responsibility for patrolling, between sunset and sunrise, the length of railway track lying within its boundaries. It is unlikely that any village will have more than four miles of track to protect. The village will select from its adult male population men to patrol.

The Government of India might place at the disposal of the State Governments some funds to be utilised for welfare work in the villages concerned as an incentive to villagers to perform this watch and ward duty.

DEVISING WAYS

Steps to prevent sabotage on railway tracks and the question of guarding the tracks were discussed at a high level conference of the officials of the U.P. Government and the railways, held at Bareilly recently, adds PTI.

The conference also considered the question of combating crimes on the railways which it was stated, were showing signs of increase.

Certain tentative conclusion, it is understood, were reached at the conference which will now be submitted for consideration of the State Government, the Railway Board and the Government of India.

New Drug For High Blood Pressure

LOS ANGELES, June 12 (PTI-Reuter): A new drug which claims to relieve high blood pressure by dilating the small blood vessels of the body, is said to have been developed by a drug campany here.

Mr. Justin W. Dart, President of the company, said the drug could be taken by mouth in tablet form. In most cases it relieved headaches and other discomforts caused by high blood pressure and helped to prevent complications, he claimed.

The drug is derived from the roots of a plant, veratrum viride, commonly known as American hellebore. In the United States it grows along the North Carolina Coast.

Mr. Dart said the tablets must be taken under a doctor's supervision to determine the desirable dosage for each patient. As in the case of insulin in the treatment of diabetes, the drug controlled, but did not cure, high blood pressure.

E. Bengal Ban On Calcutta Papers To Be Lifted

DACCA, June 25, (PTI): It is understood that the Government of East Bengal has decided to lift the ban on all Calcutta newspapers which was imposed about three months ago An official communique is expected to be issued tomorrow.

Punjab Minister In Car Accident

AMBALA, June 25, (PTI): Mr. Prithvi Singh Azad, Labour Minister, Punjab, was involved in a motor accident near Solan on the Kalka Simla road last evening.

A military vehicle while negotiating a blind turn near Solan crashed into his car coming from opposite direction and narrowly escaped being flung into the steep "khud". No one was hurt though the Minister's car was badly damaged. The Minister continued his journey to Ambala in another vehicle.

Smuts "Comfortable"

PRETORIA, June 25 (PTI-Reuter).—General Jan Smuts was "comfortable" yesterday an official bulletin said

The General's temperature was still up but his general gradual improvement had been well maintained.

VINDHYA PRADESH MERGER REPORTS

States Ministry's Denial

NEW DELHI, June 25, (UPI): The States Ministry in a press note denied reports which have appeared in the Press suggesting that the merger of the State of Vindhya Pradesh in the neighbouring States was contemplated.

The press note said that as the Deputy Prime Minister stated in the Parliament on March 29, 1950, the position about the future of Vindhya Pradesh was that having regard to certain administrative and other reasons, it had been decided that the State should, for the time being remain as a Centrally administered area.

TENANCY REFORM IN HYDERABAD

Socialist Movement To Be Intensified

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) June 25 (PTI): The Executive of the Hyderabad State Socialist Party, which concluded its four-day session here today, decided to enrol 25,000 "individual" members and 75,000 "affiliated" members as also 60,000 kisan panchayat members during the current year.

A resolution on the recent tenancy reform in Hyderabad stated that to face the large-scale and increasing evictions in the State, "the Executive directs the units to intensify the resistance movement whenever possible.

A note issued by the Hyderabad Socialist Party Office today stated that the Executive discussed the political situation in the State after the inclusion of four State Congressmen in the Cabinet.

TREE-PLANTING DRIVE

Programme For City Students

BOMBAY, Sunday.

A special programme for students of schools and colleges in Bombay has been arranged at the Kanheri National Park in connection with the 'Van Mahotsava' (Tree Planting Week) from July 1 to July 7.

Sunday, the 2nd July, has been specially fixed for college boys and girls to plant there.

Thursday, the July 6 has been fixed for Catholic students to come and plant trees.

Arrangements are reported to have been made for reserved special trains for students only who register their names with their respective schools and college authorities.

15 Kisan Satyagrahis Arrested In Hissar

JULLUNDUR, June 25, (PTI): Fifteen Kisan satyagrahis were arrested on Sunday last in the village of Kaimri in Hissar district, according to a report received here today. This brings the total number of arrests in this village to 47.

As a protest against their ejectment from the lands previously allotted to them, it is stated, the kisans resorted to "satyagraha" by obstructing ploughing operations by refugee landlords to whom the lands had been allotted under the quasi-permanent land allotment scheme.

Mudaliar For Geneva

MADRAS, June 25 (PTI): Mr. A Ramaswamy Mudaliar, left by air this morning for Bombay en route to Geneva to attend the United Nations Economic and Social Conference to be held there from July 3.

Arab World Losing Faith In Uncle Sam

CARIO, June 25 (PTI-Reuter): Egypt and the Arab world are fast losing faith and hope in United States' leadership, according to a report made to the Eyptian Senate today by the Senate Foreign Affairs Committee.

The report hinted that unless the United States "upheld the rights of the people" hey would "turn to another quarter to seek justice."

The report followed a foreign affairs debate in which the Wafdist Senator Mr. Ahmed Abdul Fettuh, urged the Egyptian Government to readjust its policy towards the United States in the light of the recent American policy in the Middle East, partcularly Israel.

W. German Recovery Plan

FRANKFURT, June 25 (PTI-Reuter): The Marshall Plan Administration today announced approval of West Germany's second major European recovery programme investment plan for expanding her economy.

The programme including both immediate and tong-term projects totals 1,150 million Deutsche Marks from ERP counter—part funds.

At the same time, the Economic Co-operation Administration approved the deblocking of 350 million D Marks for immediate distribution to various projects and industrial firms in the programme.

Plot To Overthrow Salazar Govt.

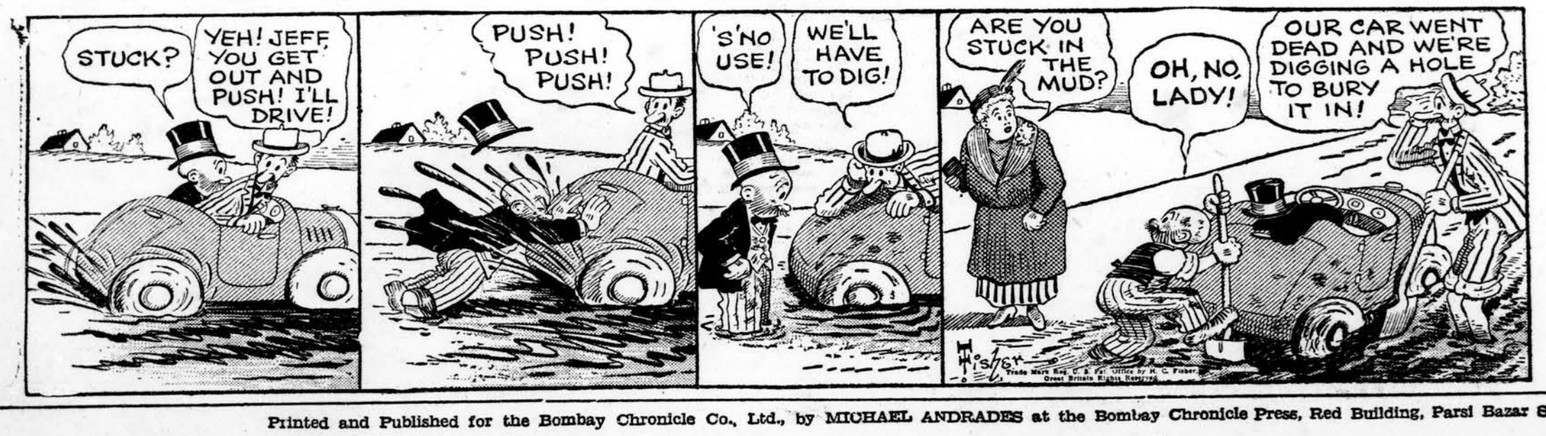
LISBON, June 24 (PTI-Reuter): A plot to overthrow the Portuguese Government and assassinate Prime Minister Antonio de Oliveira Salazar was disclosed here today.

Seven men appeared in court here charged with plotting a revolution. They were said to have planned a bomb attempt on the Prime Minister's life, and to have been armed with "war weapons".

Congress Delegates From Madhya Bharat

INDORE, June 25, (UPI): The Central Office of the A.I.C.C. at Delhi has divided Madhya Bharat into 81 single-member constituencies for the elections of 81 delegates from Madhya Bharat to the Nasik session of the A.I.C.C., according to an intimation received from it. This will give one delegate for every lakh of population.

MUTT AND JEFF—At Least Jeff Answered The Lady's Question — By BUD FISHER


STUCK?
YEH! JEFF, YOU GET OUT AND PUSH! I'LL DRIVE!
PUSH! PUSH! PUSH!
'S NO USE!
WE'LL HAVE TO DIG!
ARE YOU STUCK IN THE MUD?
OH, NO, LADY!
OUR CAR WENT DEAD AND WE'RE DIGGING A HOLE TO BURY IT IN!
Bud Fisher

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